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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Arlington Historical society held its last meeting of the season at Pleasant hall, Maple street, Tuesday evening, April 23. President Wellington in the chair.

After the reading of the records by Secretary Fowle, the president introduced the subject of "Old Home week," the observance of which was discussed by himself and Messrs. F. W. Hodgdon and Thomas Gray. It was finally voted on motion of Mr. Hodgdon to refer the matter to the board of directors with discretionary power to take such action as may seem advisable. The committee appointed to nominate officers of the society for the ensuing year reported the following list, and they were unanimously elected: President, G. Y. Wellington; vice presidents, E. Nelson Blake, James P. Parmenter, F. W. Hodgdon, secretary, F. E. Fowle, treasurer, Warren A. Peirce; directors at large, Mrs. Margaret L. Sears, Miss E. W. Hodgdon, Mrs. E. G. Damon. The relic committee as appointed consists of Mrs. Almira T. Whittemore, Mrs. Emma W. Harris, Mrs. W. A. Peirce, Mrs. George O. Russell, Miss Mary E. Fowle, Miss Florence W. Harris, Mrs. J. Florence Moore, Miss Ethel Homer, Mrs. Emma Sprague, Mrs. Charles H. Gannett, Miss Grace Gage, Mrs. Samuel H. Smith.

The society received these gifts: From F. W. Hodgdon, "Atlas of the Boundary Lines of Massachusetts"; from Mrs. E. L. Emerson of Roxbury, Mass., an old Bible, formerly the property of Miss Mary Cooke, a relative of Rev. Samuel Cooke.

BURNED TO THE GROUND.

Those convenient and modern buildings delightfully situated in Wilton N. H., and owned by Selectman George I. Doe, Jason street, were burned to the ground last Saturday. The brick house was two and a half stories, having ten rooms with all. It had a bathroom with cold and hot water. The ell had been recently extended by a wooden one-story building, having one sleeping room, a wash room, wood house and carriage room. The new barn, 40x72, and one of the best in the state, was on the right of the road—to the rear of the barn was another, 28x36, and an ice house. The new barn contained twenty tons of hay and farming tools. Nothing was saved, except something from the house. Three hundred dollars worth of furniture was destroyed. To make good the total loss would be at a cost of not less than \$7000; insurance \$2500. Wilton village is sixteen miles from Nashua, and the Doe place is a little more than two miles on the hill from the village. The fire department made good time, but with only chemicals it could do nothing. If the Arlington Eureka had been on the ground, her gallant "boys" would have got the better of the fire in the shortest possible time, and thus saved the greater part of the property. The fire was caused by grass set on fire in the rear of the wooden portion of the ell. While Mr. Doe suffers by the fire a financial loss, still he has the wherewithal left to rebuild, and it is more than likely that he will do so at an early date. Mr. Doe will not allow that slightly hill, beautiful of situation, to long remain without a convenient summer residence on its very tip.

A BIG SUCCESS.

The amateur vaudeville show under the auspices of the Sunshine club which took place in Crescent hall, Arlington Heights, Wednesday evening, was a great success. The entertainment was for the benefit of the Symmes Arlington hospital and a substantial sum was realized for that worthy cause. The hall was packed and many stood in the rear.

A great deal of credit is due Miss Grace Dwyelle, who had the affair in charge, for her tireless efforts to make the show the tremendous success it was.

The program opened with a selection, "El Capitan," by Sousa's band, under direction of Miss Caroline Hilliard. Miss Hilliard repeated her successful take-off on Sousa which was seen in the town hall, Arlington, a few months ago. One of the hits of the evening was the Florodora sextet, with these young ladies: Misses Theresa Hardy, Ada Wiswell, Ethel Tewksbury, Mabel Kimball, Grace Dwyelle and Estelle Wiswell. A series of Gibson pictures were most artistically arranged, these being represented: "Monday Morning," "Is a Caddy Always Necessary?" "Wireless Telegraphy," "rival Beauties." Among those who posed in the pictures were Miss Harriet Gott, Miss Philbrook, Miss Belle Lloyd, Mrs. H. L. Alderman, Mr. Millet Lloyd.

Miss Mazie Trask made a hit with her costume song, "The Pride of Newspaper Row," and the "Twin Soubrettes," the Misses Ada and Estelle Wiswell, in their song and dance were encored again and again.

Two tableaux, "Morning" (Miss Mazie Trask), and "Moon Fairy" (Miss Dora Parsons), were most artistic and beautiful. Mrs. A. W. Brown sang a group of coon songs most entertainingly. Between the parts Miss Carrie Hilliard and others filled in the time with piano selections. Miss Dora Parsons was accompanist. The third part was a two-act farce, "A Suit of Livery," with the following cast: William O. Partridge, Jr., T. Harold Fay, Harold Yeames, Edith M. Fay, Grace R. Dwyelle, Mabelle O. Perry. All did excellently and the whole performance was smooth and finished. Bouquets were presented to several of the performers. The entertainment lasted till nearly eleven o'clock, when the floor was cleared and dancing followed until one o'clock. Frank Grey played the piano.

BASEBALL.

Arlington high easily defeated Winchester high school on Thursday by the score of 16 to 4. For five innings the game was close, but in the sixth Arlington piled up 10 runs. Velts and Moore played best for Arlington. The lineup: A. H. S. Hilliard, 1; Velts, s.; Kidder, 1; Moore, 2; Holt, c.f.; Kelly, c.; Allen, 3; Mills, r.; Gott, p. W. H. S. Heath, 2; Holcomb, c.; Little, p. Wyman, c.f.; Badger, p.; Seaman, 1; Chesley, 1; Ferguson, r.; O'Neill, s. Struck out by Gott 5, by Little 2. Today A. H. S. plays Concord high school at Concord, a good game being looked for.

Belmont and Waverley

The Enterprise is for sale at Belmont and Waverley by: F. N. La Bonte, Belmont; Gorham, Belmont; Agency Waverley; Rogers, Waverley cafe, Waverley.

BELMONT.

Dr. Elizabeth Newman has given up her office at Belmont and gone to New York city on a vacation trip. Upon her return she will open an office in Boston.

Alfred Hill is running up some good golf scores at the Arlington Golf club; even this early in the season.

The damages at the house-house, caused by the recent fire, have been repaired by David S. MacCabe.

Geo. H. Reed, who has recently accepted the call of the Belmont Unitarian society to become their pastor, is a son of William Reed, Jr., of the Taunton Gazette. Mr. Reed, who is now a student at the Harvard Divinity school, will come to Belmont upon his graduation, and will be installed as minister, and installed into the pastorate.

We shall hope that this article may reach the notice of many of the graduates, teachers, past and present, and school board, past and present, of the Belmont high school. From observations and inquiries it is suggested that a high school reunion of all graduates would be a pleasant and beneficial affair, and we have been asked to urge all persons eligible to correspond at once before May 9, with Thos. Reed, Belmont, or F. A. Chandler, Waverley, stating their ideas for such an event. It is the hope of the originators of the idea to form an alumni association, which will meet each year with a reception, banquet and ball; also to publish a directory of graduates.

Next Sunday at the close of the morning service, the Lord's supper will be observed at the Plymouth Congregational church.

Over one hundred persons listened to Rev. Mr. Whiting's closing talk in a series of sermons given by him Sunday evening during the month of April. It was the largest audience that ever was present at an ordinary service of the church. The twentieth century talks have been on the following: "Why I Believe in the Bible," "Why I Believe in Jesus Christ," "Why I Believe in the Church," "Why I Believe in Being a Christian."

Advertised letters, Belmont, Mass., Apr. 28, 1902: C. Suydam, P. M. Cesare; Horand; Corbia, Leon; Elgin J. E. Pyne, W. A.

Leonard S. King and family have moved from their winter home on the Joseph W. Huntington estate to their summer residence, corner School and Washington streets.

A charity whist of six tables for the benefit of the Waltham hospital was given by Mrs. Stone at the home of her mother, Mrs. Isaac Cheney, of Washington street.

Capt. Kimball's Belmont team was defeated at candlepins three straight on the Belmont club alleys by Capt. Delaney's Waverley team.

The water commissioners held their regular meeting last evening. The selectmen will hold their regular monthly meeting at 7. Monday evening. The school committee will hold their monthly meeting Tuesday evening. The board of health will meet at 7.30 Wednesday evening.

The concert held in the town hall, Sunday evening, in aid of the Belmont free kindergarten, was fairly well attended. The concert was given by courtesy of the Belmont Musical club, assisted by members of the Belmont Orchestral club. An alarm was sounded from boxes about 8.30, Thursday evening, for a slight fire at the town farm, caused by a defective flue.

The whist party and dance to be given by the St. Joseph's S. and B. society has been postponed until May 12.

"UNDER THE PALMS."

The cantata "Under the Palms" was given by the Plymouth Choral society of the Plymouth Congregational church before a large audience in the town hall, Belmont, Wednesday evening. The following persons took the leading parts: Mrs. Helen Boyce Metcalf, soprano; Mattie T. Giles, contralto; Royal T. Brodick, bass; W. W. Upham, tenor and director; Royal T. Brodick, pianist; Edward B. Metcalf, accompanist. Especial mention should be made of the fine solos by Mrs. Metcalf, Mrs. Giles, Mr. Brodick and Mr. Upham, while the chorus did excellent work all through the evening. Mrs. Albertina Hayward read a few pleasing selections between the parts and ice cream and cake were served by the ladies after the cantata.

WAVERLEY.

A larger company assembled in Waverley hall, Wednesday evening, at the first concert under the auspices of the Episcopal guild of Waverley, than has been in attendance at any similar function this season. As Rev. Mr. Rand said in his remarks of welcome and congratulation, "I feel that the Episcopal guild of Waverley has every reason to be pleased and thankful for the hearty and generous interest shown in this passing of the first milestone on the road to a church building for its use in Waverley." The entertainment was arranged by a committee of workers in the guild, and with the exception of Miss Harris and Mr. Scranton, the talent was all from out of town. The following program was well rendered and well received, many of the artists receiving hearty ovations for their selections: Piano solo, "Barcarolli," Rubenstein; Miss Zula Southworth; Doane; male quartet, "Winter Song," Bullard, T. J. Deacon, first tenor, G. H. Brainerd,

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second tenor, A. H. Carpenter, baritone. Mr. De Lo Mook, bass; reading, "Aux Italiens," Owen Meredith, Miss Jeannette Harris; soprano solo, "Spring," Purdy, Miss Cora F. Hayden; violin solo, "Cavatina," Raff, Miss Chloe Emma Stearns; tenor solo, "Two Cities," Paul Rodney; George B. Young; duet, "Only Three," White, Miss Hayden and Mr. Young; piano solo, "Faust," Gounod, Mrs. A. H. Carpenter; tenor solo, "Oh, Dry Those Tears," Teresa Del Riego, Mr. Young, with violin obligato; humorist, Carl H. Scranton; baritone solo, "The Old Guard," Paul Rodney, Mr. Carpenter; soprano solo, "Villanello," Eva Dell Acqua, Miss Hayden; duet, "At Dawn of Day," Mr. Deacon and Mr. Carpenter; male quartet, "Mulligan Musketeers." Refreshments were served in the upper hall at the close of the entertainment.

The last of the series of dances under the auspices of the Young People's Religious union was a May party held in Waverley hall, Thursday evening. The first part of the program included recitations to the fairies, which consisted of presentation of the Queen of May and her attendants, which personages were portrayed by the members of the Sunday school. A large and pretty dancing party followed under the direction of Frank H. Stearns. Music by Bates' orchestra.

Miss Jennie G. Mason, '98 attended the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the Southville high school, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. H. D. Rogers returned Wednesday from a visit of several weeks with friends at Springfield.

Miss Blanche Jarrett left town Wednesday evening with her grandfather, Mr. Normandine, for Montreal, Quebec, where she will spend the summer with relatives. Yesterday she attended the burial of her little niece, Norma Jarrett, at a cemetery near Montreal, the body having been kept in the receiving tomb since death at Waverley the early part of the winter.

Mrs. Jane O'Meara, who has been housekeeper for Mrs. B. F. Chandler a number of years, resigned her position and left town Thursday.

Hon. Robert Howard, formerly a well known Socialist leader, died at his home in Roxbury early this week as a result of a mental trouble. During the first of Mr. Howard's illness, he was at the McLean hospital, Waverley, but as he im-

proved, his wife had him removed to his home thinking the return to familiar surroundings would aid his recovery; but instead he failed until death came Sunday.

F. C. Haskins and family are occupying their new colonial residence, corner of Lexington and Belmont streets.

At the Unitarian church at 7.30 last Sunday evening, there was a special service, addressed by former Chaplain Brown, of the U. S. training ship, Wabash. Mr. Brown has just resigned his government position in order to accept a call to the Delaware Avenue Unitarian church at Buffalo, N. Y., where he will go at once. His talk was of a very optimistic nature, and pointed out some of the many things there are today to improve the mind and tastes which are free and open alike to all; with an idea to dispel the feeling that this is an era of immorality and general degeneration. Mr. Brown was very well received when he spoke at Waverley at a social recently, and the only unfortunate feature of this week's visit was that his notice of appearance arrived too late for publication in the local papers to give all his admirers an opportunity to be present.

The Waverley Unitarian society is to hold the last of the series of platform meetings in May, which will be addressed by Rev. F. W. St. John and Prof. Edward Hale.

A course of three cooking lectures was held recently at the Unitarian church, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society. The first afternoon was free to pupils of the ninth grade and high school. In a recent letter from Mrs. Smith she enclosed two checks of \$1 each, one payable to Miss Rosa Seymour, of the grammar school, and one to Miss Sarah Halliwell, of the high school, as prizes for the best reports of her lecture.

Honorable mention was given the papers of Miss Brenda Routledge of the ninth grade, and Miss Mabel Phillips, of the high school.

Carlisle Pines, in our neighboring town of Carlisle is a reservation which bids fair to be a very popular one. As noted in a recent Boston daily paper, "The reservation of the Appalachian club will soon vie with the now famous Waverley

(Continued in Another Column.)

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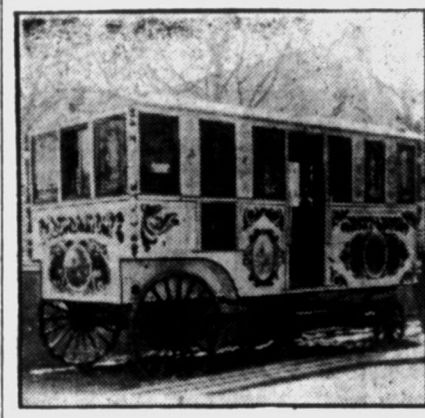
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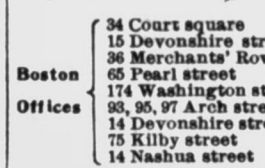
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GOD'S LAW.

BY REV. LYMAN R. SWETT.

Jesus in his sermon on the Mount taught the difference between crime and sin, and gave people to understand that a man did not need to be a criminal in order to be a sinner, that one might be very righteous in the eyes of men and before the civil law, and be very sinful before God. He said: "Except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the Scribes and Pharisees, ye shall in no case enter into the Kingdom of heaven." Matt. v:20.

These men were not only not criminals but they were commended by the people for their outward righteousness, yet before God they were vile sinners. Our righteousness must exceed theirs if we ever expect to enter heaven. Crime is violation of civil laws and punishment is visited upon the acts of violation of civil law, but civil law is only a rule of conduct prescribed by authority, and is often actual violation of real law, yet it is generally more or less effective in preventing criminal deeds. Crime is the expression of sin. Crime is one's act; sin a state.

(1) Murder is hate put into action. Hate is in the heart and is sin. God considers murder a crime, but not a sin, because if not restrained by threats of punishment, hate would kill. Don't allow yourself to think that you are fitted for heaven because you keep out of prison. "Thou shalt not kill," brother is a murderer." 1 John III:15; Matt. V:21-22.

(2) The crime of adultery is the unchaste act. The sin of adultery is the unchaste look and lustful desire. The state punishes the act, but may not punish the state of mind. Christ taught that the man who looked upon a woman and lusted after her was an adulterer and would be so considered before God's tribunal. Matt. V:27, 28.

Don't deceive yourself by supposing that because you are not a rake you are fitted for heaven. Examine your inmost heart and test your desires before the teaching of Jesus.

(3) The crime of theft is the act of appropriating unlawfully what belongs to another, whether on a large or small scale, to take what does not belong to one is to steal. The sin of theft is covetousness. This is a state of heart which would act itself out in theft were it not restricted by the threat of punishment. Don't suppose that because you are not behind the bars for larceny you are fit for heaven. Examine your desires and see if you are covetous.

(4) Divorce is granted by civil laws for a variety of reasons. Non-support, desertion, impotency, adultery, etc., but before God and according to the teachings of Jesus, there is but one legitimate cause for divorce: that is the crime of fornication. And while civil law permits the remarriage of divorced people, God's law absolutely forbids the remarriage of either party to divorce while both parties are living. Jesus said: "Whosoever shall marry him that is divorced committeth adultery." Matt. V:32. On the other side we learn that the woman who marries another man while her husband liveth is to be considered an adulteress. Romans VII:2, 3.

These reputable marriages of divorced people, often performed by ministers of the gospel, though never by an Episcopal rector or a Roman priest, are acts of abomination in God's sight. Here is an instance of civil law fixed in the very constitution of human relations. The man who makes an unfortunate choice of a wife if she is chaste should have manhood enough to continue to endure his "hen-pecking" or other acts of annoyance through life, and likewise the woman who is bound to a disagreeable man had better live with him if she can, but if he abuses or deserts her, let her remain unmarried. Divorces are sapping the very life blood from our national existence.

(5) Jesus taught us to love our enemies, to bless those who curse us, and to pray for those who hate us. Matt. V:43-48. The natural heart revolts from loving an enemy. Yet this is Godlike, and to be with God means first to be like God. If smitten on the one cheek, the impulse is to turn the fist to the smiter's face instead of turning the other cheek to the ready fist. But the Godly, Christ-like soul will not seek vengeance. God will avenge. Vengeance belongs to him.

Gentlemen and ladies, we find ourselves sinners every one of us. I and my company are here today, not because we are any better than others, but because we are conscious of our helplessness to keep the law without divine aid. God will forgive sins by Jesus Christ. Jesus is the only man ever qualified to forgive sins, and he proved his power to do it by the miracle of raising a palsied man to health. When a man will know it, give your sins against God, don't you believe him until he proves his ability by some miracle wrought as Jesus did. Mark II:1-12. When your sins are pardoned in heaven, you will know it. Thousands who are told that they are forgiven by God are as heavily burdened as ever. Jesus said: "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavily laden, and I will give you rest." The difference between a sinner and a Christian is this: A sinner is a sinner unforgiven; a Christian is a sinner forgiven.

A NODE TO SPRING.

(By Our Inspired but Disappointed Enthusiast.)

Hail, hail, O, gentle Spring! I clasp thee, O, on the wing. To my buzz, O, which palpitates, And in my heart of hearts, that vegetates.

Come, come, O, daisy Spring! I need thee, O—not th' old thing; When I want thee, O, I want thee bad; Also with thee, O, a good, fat wad.

Joy, joy! O, blooming Spring! I greet thee, O, with thoraxal sing! I twang my lute, O, with fingers trim, And bang my timbrel, O, with amorous vim.

Sing, sing, O, beautiful Spring! How the maidens, O, to thee do cling! Cherubic hat, O, seraphic rig, In their feet, O, the nimble jig.

Blinky, winkly, O, gallus Spring! So merrily, O, the joy bells ring! But dark and cold, O, are these days, And thou dost have, O, such queer ways.

By-by, O, thou indolent Spring, I'm sadder, O, I am sadder; No more paens, O, in thy praise, For I've got tired, O, of waiting for my spring medicine, and am going to make a trip in one of Doctor Holmes' one-horse shays.*

*At this crisis the machine slipped a cog, and the poet was cremated, as a foretaste of what is to follow. New York, April 3, 1902.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLES

Boston Elevated Railway Co. SURFACE LINES.

TIME TABLE.

Subject to change without notice.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS TO BOWDOIN SQ.—(via Beacon st., Somerville), 4.30, 5.09 a.m., and intervals of 8, 10, 20 and 30 minutes to 11.15 p.m. **SUNDAY**—7.02 a.m., and intervals of 20 and 30 minutes to 11.15 p.m. **NIGHT SERVICE**—to Adams sq. 11.25, 12.07, 12.37, 1.07, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.42 (4.37 a.m., Sunday) a.m. **ARLINGTON HEIGHTS TO SUBWAY**—5.01 a.m., and intervals of 8, 10, 15 and 30 minutes to 11.20 p.m. (11.30 to Adams sq.) **SUNDAY**—6.01, 6.31 a.m., and intervals of 10, 15 and 20 minutes to 11.20 p.m. (11.30 to Adams sq.) **ARLINGTON CENTRE TO SULLIVAN SQ. TERMINAL**, via Broadway—5.23, and intervals of 10 and 15 minutes to 12.03 night. **SUNDAY**—6.31 a.m., and intervals of 10 and 20 minutes to 12.03 night. **VIA MEDFORD HILLSIDE**, 5.05, 5.33 a.m., and 10, 15 and 20 minutes to 12.06 night. **SUNDAY**—6.36 a.m., and intervals of 10 and 15 minutes to 12.06 night.

C. S. SERGEANT, Vice President.

April 5, 1902.

Boston and Maine R. R. Southern Division.

IN EFFECT, OCT. 14, 1901.

TRAINS TO BOSTON FROM

Lexington—5.20, 5.56, 6.26, 6.56, 7.26, 7.56, 8.31, 8.43, 9.59, 11.10 A. M., 12.09, 12.50, 2.06, 3.45, 4.15, 4.30, 5.10, 6.36, 8.09, 9.09, 10.09, 11.20, 2.18, 3.45, 4.39, 5.10, 6.36, 8.09, 9.09, 10.09, 11.20 P. M.; Sunday, 9.14 A. M., 1.29, 4.25, 7.55 P. M.

Arlington Heights—5.30, 6.50, 8.35, 7.34, 8.04, 8.37, 8.53, 10.07, 11.19 A. M., 12.18, 1.00, 2.18, 3.54, 4.45, 5.19, 6.47, 8.18, 9.18, 10.18 P. M.; Sunday, 9.24 A. M., 1.38, 4.35, 8.05 P. M.

Brattle—6.32, 6.08, 6.38, 7.06, 8.06, 8.56, 10.09, 11.21 A. M., 12.20, 1.02, 2.20, 3.56, 4.55, 4.48, 5.21, 6.50, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20 P. M.; Sundays, 9.27 A. M., 1.40, 4.38, 8.08 P. M.

Arlington—5.35, 6.12, 6.42, 7.09, 7.12, 7.39, 7.42, 7.56, 8.09, 8.16, 8.41, 9.00, 10.12, 11.34 A. M., 12.22, 1.05, 2.23, 3.59, 4.25, 4.51, 5.24, 6.46, 6.20, 6.53, 6.56, 7.15, 8.23, 9.23, 10.23 P. M.; Sundays, 9.30 A. M., 1.43, 4.40, 8.11 P. M.

Lake Street—5.33, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 7.58, 8.19, 9.03, 10.15, 11.26 A. M., 12.25, 1.07, 2.25, 4.01, 4.30, 5.23, 5.49, 6.23, 6.59, 7.18, 8.25, 9.25, 10.25 P. M.; Sundays, 9.33 A. M., 1.45, 4.43, 8.14 P. M.

TRAINS FROM BOSTON FOR

Lexington—6.25, 7.17, 8.17, 9.09, 10.17, 11.17 A. M., 12.17, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.47, 5.17, 6.31, 6.47, 6.15, 7.04, 7.50, 9.15, 10.20, 11.30 P. M.; Sunday, 9.15 A. M., 12.50, 6.00, 7.00 P. M.

Arlington Heights—6.25, 7.17, 8.17, 9.09, 10.17, 11.17 A. M., 12.17, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.47, 5.17, 6.31, 6.47, 6.15, 7.04, 7.50, 9.15, 10.20, 11.30 P. M.; Sunday, 9.15 A. M., 12.50, 6.00, 7.00 P. M.

Brattle—6.25, 7.17, 8.17, 9.09, 10.17, 11.17 A. M., 12.17, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.47, 5.17, 6.31, 6.47, 6.15, 7.04, 7.50, 9.15, 10.20, 11.30 P. M.; Sunday, 9.15 A. M., 12.50, 6.00, 7.00 P. M.

Arlington—6.25, 6.42, 7.00, 7.17, 7.29, 7.46, 8.17, 9.09, 10.17, 11.17 A. M., 12.17, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.17, 4.47, 5.04, 5.17, 5.31, 5.47, 5.55, 6.04, 6.17, 6.34, 7.04, 7.50, 9.15, 10.20, 11.30 P. M.; Sunday, 9.15 A. M., 12.50, 6.00, 7.00 P. M.

Lake Street—6.25, 6.17, 6.00, 10.17, 11.17 A. M., 12.17, 1.47, 2.47, 3.47, 4.47, 5.31, 5.55, 6.04, 6.34, 7.04, 7.50, 9.15, 10.20, 11.30 P. M.; Sunday, 9.15 A. M., 12.50, 6.00, 7.00 P. M.

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FIRST PARISH CHURCH. Belmont.

Morning service, 10.45; Sunday school, 12 m.

PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Belmont.

Rev. Elbridge C. Whiting, pastor. Morning service, 10.30 o'clock; Sunday school, 12 m.; evening praise, 7; weekly prayer meeting, Tuesday, 7.45 p.m.

ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH. Belmont.

Morning services at 8.30 and 10 o'clock; Sunday school, 3.30; vespers, 7.30.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH. (Episcopal.)

Corner Common and Clark Streets. Rev. Reginald H. Coe, rector. Morning service at 10.30 a.m. Sunday school at 12 m.

WAVERLEY UNITARIAN SOCIETY. Rev. C. H. Allen, pastor. Services every Sunday morning, 10.45; Sunday school, 12 m.; Young People's Religious union, first and third Sunday each month, 6.30 p.m. All invited.

WAVERLEY BAPTIST SOCIETY. Rev. H. S. Smith, pastor. Services in Waverley hall; Sunday school, 12.15 p.m.; preaching service, 7.15 p.m.; prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7.30.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Waverley.

Rev. Geo. P. Gilman, pastor. Morning service, 10.45; Sunday school, 12 m.; Young People's Society Christian Endeavor, 1.15 p.m.; evening service, 7.15; prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7.30.

ROYAL ARCANUM. Waverley Council, No. 313.

Meets in Lodge hall, Waverley, second and fourth Tuesday evenings each month.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODD FELLOWS. Trapelo Lodge, No. 238.

Meets in Lodge hall, Waverley, every Monday evening.

FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS. Belmont Lodge.

Meets on the first Thursday of each month, at Masonic hall, Belmont.

BELMONT FIRE ALARM.

2. No School.

7. Concord Ave., near Myrtle St.

CALL 'EM UP.

Telephone Directory of Live Business Houses, Which Advertise in the Enterprise.

Below will be found a list of the Enterprise advertisers whose places of business or residences have a telephone connection. The list is published for the convenience of Enterprise readers, who may desire to communicate with these establishments.

Lucius A. Austin, Lexington 14-1.
Arlington House, Arlington 56-2.
Arlington Insurance Agency, Arl. 303-5.
Belmont Coal Co., Arl. 36-3.
A. L. Bacon, 51-4.
A. E. Cotton, Arl. 238-4.
David Clark, Arl. 400-3.
Fred W. Derby, Arl. 129-4.
James H. Fernoy, 252-7.
Charles Gott, Arl. 35-3; house, Arl. 32-2.
C. H. Gannett, Main 586-3.
J. J. Hardy, Arl. 112-2.
James O. Holt, grocer, Arl. 137-2.
James O. Holt, provision dealer, Arl. 462-7.
W. K. Hutchinson, Arl. 339-3 or 39-3.
Heights branch, Arl. 431-3; house, Arl. 229-3.
J. Henry Hartwell, Arl. 127-4; house, Arl. 104-4.
H. B. Johnson, Arl. 134-2.
Johnson's Arlington Express, Arl. 123-3.
George A. Law, Arl. 73-3.
Lexington Lumber Co., Lex. 48.
John J. Leary, Arl. 87-2.
W. L. Leary, Arl. 73-2.
Lexington Grain Mills, Lex. 34-3; house, 21-3.
A. S. Mitchell, Main 1506.
Perkins Pharmacy, 135-3; pay station, 21-3; house, 233-3.
E. Price, Arl. 41-2.
Pedro & Winn, Arl. 208-2.
Dr. Ring's Sanatorium, Arl. 205-2.
W. W. Ryan, 15-4; house, Arl. 15-2; Boston office, Main 254-5.
George W. Sampson, Lex. 24-2; house, Lex. 61-7.
C. H. Stone, Arl. 131-4.
W. P. Schwab & Co., Arl. 158-4.
Simpson Bros., Main 1155.
Mark Sullivan, Arlington 423-2.
H. T. Welch & Son, pay station, 2133-3.
Woods Bros. Express, Arl. 423-6.
John G. Waake, Arl. 229-4.
C. T. West, undertaker, Lex. 28-4; house, 31-2.
Wetherbee Bros., Arl. 129-6.
D. E. Wheeler, Lex. 51-4.

ARLINGTON SOCIETIES, CHURCHES, ETC.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

E. Nelson Blake, president; Wm. D. Higgins, cashier. Corner Massachusetts avenue and Pleasant street. Open daily from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.; on Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 8.30.
ARLINGTON CO-OPERATIVE BANK.
Geo. D. Moore, president; R. Walter Hilliard, secretary; W. A. Pierce, treasurer. Meets in banking rooms of First National bank, first Tuesday in each month, at 7.30 p.m. Money offered at auction at 8.30.
ARLINGTON FIVE-CENT SAVINGS BANK.
Bank building, corner Massachusetts avenue and Pleasant street. William G. Peck, president; H. Blasdale, secretary and treasurer. Open daily from 3 to 5.30 p.m.; Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 9.

ARLINGTON BOAT CLUB.

Meets first Monday in each month at clubhouse on margin of Spy pond. Admission fee, \$10; annual dues, \$15.
ARLINGTON FINANCE CLUB.
Meets by invitation fourth Tuesday in each month.

FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS.

Hiram Lodge.
Meets in Masonic hall, corner Massachusetts avenue and Pleasant street, Thursday on or before the full moon.
Menotomy Royal Arch Chapter.
Meets third Tuesday of each month in Masonic hall.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Bethel Lodge, No. 12.
Meets in Odd Fellows hall, Bank building, every Wednesday evening, at 8.
Ida F. Butler Rebekah Lodge, No. 152.
Meets first and third Monday evenings of each month in Bethel lodge room.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN.

Circle Lodge, No. 77.
Meets first and third Fridays of each month in Grand Army hall, Massachusetts avenue, at 8 p.m.
KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

No. 109.
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month in K. of C. hall, over Shattuck's store.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Menotomy Council, No. 1781.
Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month in Grand Army hall, 370 Massachusetts avenue, at 8 p.m.
UNITED ORDER INDEPENDENT ODD LADIES.

Golden Rule Lodge, No. 51.
Meets in G. A. R. hall, the second and fourth Tuesday evenings in each month.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Francis Gould Post, No. 36.
Meets in G. A. R. hall, Massachusetts avenue, second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at 8 o'clock p.m.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, No. 43.

Meets in G. A. R. hall, Massachusetts avenue, second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at 8 o'clock p.m.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Camp 45.
Meets in G. A. R. hall, on the third Wednesday of each month, at 8 o'clock p.m.

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

Meets in St. John's Parish house, Maple street, second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

Division 23.
Meets in Hibernian hall, corner Mystic and Chestnut streets, first and third Thursdays of each month, at 7.30 p.m.

FORESTERS OF AMERICA.

Court Pride of Arlington.
Meets in K. of C. hall, the first and third Mondays of each month.

MASSACHUSETTS CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS.

St. Malachi Court.
Meets at Hibernian hall first and third Thursdays.

ROBBINS PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Building is open to the public as follows: Sundays, 2.30 to 5.30 p.m.; Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, 10 to 12 a.m.; 1 to 6 p.m.; Wednesdays, 10 to 12 a.m.; 1 to 9 p.m.; book room, 1 to 9 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 to 12 a.m.; 1 to 9 p.m.; book room, 1 to 9 p.m.; book room, 1 to 9 p.m.; Wednesdays and Saturdays only, during the month of August.

Arlington Heights Branch.

Open Tuesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 6; 7 to 9 p.m. Thursdays, 3 to 6, 7 to 9 p.m.

TOWN OFFICERS.

Selectmen meet at their office in town hall on the last Monday evening of each month, for approval of bills. Regular meetings each Saturday evening.
Town clerk and treasurer, office hours, 9 a.m. to 12 m.; 2 to 5 p.m.; also Mondays, 7 to 9 p.m.; Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 12 m. only.
Board of health, on call of chairman.
Engineers fire department, Saturday before last Monday, each month.
School committee, third Tuesday even-

ing monthly.
Sewer commissioners, on call of chairman.
Trustees of cemetery, on call of chairman.
Water commissioners, first Saturday in each month.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Hose No. 1, on Park avenue; Hose No. 2, on Massachusetts avenue; Menotomy hook and ladder; Hose No. 3, on Broadway; Brackett chemical; Eagle hose, Hendersen street.

ARLINGTON FIRST PARISH.

(Unitarian.)
Corner Massachusetts avenue and Pleasant street, Rev. Frederic Gill, pastor. Boards with Mrs. J. C. Harris, 22 Academy street. Sunday morning preaching service at 10.45; Sunday school at noon, except July and August.

ARLINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH.

Services on Sunday in Grand Army hall, Massachusetts avenue, Rev. Charles H. Watson, D. D., minister. Residence, 26 Academy street. Sunday service at 10.45 a.m.; Sunday school at noon hour. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.15 p.m.; evening church service at 7.15 o'clock.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH.

Cor. of Westminster and Park Avenues. Sunday services: morning worship and sermon, 10.45 a.m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; evening service, with short talk, 7 p.m. Weekly prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7.45 p.m.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Morning service, 10.45 o'clock; Sunday school, 12 m.; Junior league, 3.30 p.m.; evening service, 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7.30. Services in Methodist Union hall. Walter Grant Smith, pastor.

ORTHODOX CONGREGATIONAL.

Corner Pleasant and Maple streets. Rev. Samuel C. Bushnell, pastor; residence on Maple street, opposite the church. Sunday services at 10.45 a.m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6.30 p.m.; Sunday school at noon, except during July and August. Friday evenings, at 7.30, social service in vestry.

FIRST UNIVERSALIST.

Massachusetts avenue, opposite Academy street. Rev. Harry Fay Flater, pastor. Gray street. Sunday services in the morning at 10.45; Sunday school at noon, except during July and August; Y. P. Union at 6.30 p.m.

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL.

Corner Academy and Maple streets. Rector, the Rev. James Yeames. Sunday services at 10.30 a.m.; other services according to church calendar.

PARK AVENUE CHURCH.

(Orthodox Congregational.)
Corner Park and Wollaston avenues, Arlington Heights. Rev. John G. Taylor, pastor. Sunday morning service at 10.45; Sunday school at 12.15; Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.30 p.m.; Sunday afternoon service at 7.30 p.m.; prayer meeting, Friday evening at 7.45, prayer meeting.

ST. AGNES, CATHOLIC.

Corner Medford and Chestnut streets. Rev. John M. Mulcahy, pastor; Rev. A. J. Fitzgerald, Rev. A. S. Malone, assistants. Reside at parsonage, 24 Medford street, next to church. Mass at 7 and 9 a.m.; high mass at 10.30; Sunday school at 2.30 p.m.; vespers at 3.30 p.m.

ARLINGTON LINE BIBLE SCHOOL.

Corner Massachusetts Avenue and Tannery Street.
Services—Every Sunday afternoon at 3.30; preaching at 7.30 Sunday evenings; Thursday evening meeting at 7.45.

ARLINGTON FIRE ALARM.

LOCATION OF BOXES.
4—Jason St.
13—Cor. Henderson and Sawin Sts.
14—Cor. Mass. Ave. and Teel St.
15—Cor. Mass. Ave. and Lake St.
16—Cor. Mass. Ave. and Linwood St.
17—Lake St., opp. D. Wyman's house.
21—Union St., opp. Fremont.
22—No School.
23—Junction Broadway and Warren St.
24—Beacon St., near Warren.
25—On Wm. Penn. House.
26—Cor. Medford St. and Lewis Ave.
27—Cor. Mystic and Summer Sts.
28—Mystic St., near Fairview Ave.
32—Pleasant, near Lake St.
34—Cor. Pleasant and Gray Sts.
35—Wellington and Addison Sts.
36—On Town Hall—Police Station.
37—Rush St., cor. Russell Terrace.
38—Academy St., near Maple.
39—Cor. Mass. Ave. and Mill St.
41—Mass. Ave., near Schouler Court.
43—Cor. Summer and Grove Sts.
45—On Highland House.
46—Brattle St., near Dudley.
47—June, of Mass. Ave. and Forest St.
52—Crescent Hill—Westminster Ave.
54—Brackett Chemical Engine House.
61—Cor. Florence and Hillside Aves.

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LEXINGTON CHURCHES, SOCIETIES, ETC.

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Episcopal.
Services—Sunday, preaching 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 9.45 a.m.; holy communion first and third Sundays of each month.

FIRST PARISH UNITARIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Carleton A. Staples, pastor, residence Massachusetts avenue, near Elm avenue. Services—Sunday, preaching 10.30 a.m.; Sunday school 12 m. Sewing circle every other Thursday. Young People's guild every Sunday evening in the vestry at 7 p.m.

FOLLEN UNITARIAN CHURCH.

Massachusetts Avenue, near Pleasant, Rev. Lorenzo D. Cochran, residence Locust avenue, East Lexington. Services—Sunday, 10.45 a.m., 7 p.m.; Sunday school, 12.00 m. Follen Alliance, fortnightly, Thursdays, at 2 p.m. Follen guild meets 6.30 p.m., Sunday. Lend-a-Hand club and Little Helpers.

HANCOCK CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Massachusetts Avenue, opposite the Common.
Rev. Charles F. Carter, pastor, residence, Hancock street. Services—Sunday, 10.30 a.m., 7 p.m.; Sunday school 12 m. Week days, Y. P. S. C. E. Monday evening, prayer, Thursday, 7.45 p.m.

LEXINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH.

Massachusetts Ave., near Wallis Place.
Rev. F. A. Macdonald, pastor. Services—Sunday, preaching, 10.30 a.m., 7 p.m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Tuesday, 7.45 p.m.; Y. P. S. C. E. Friday, 7.45 p.m., prayer meeting.
Branch, Emerson Hall, East Lexington. Services—Sunday, 3 p.m.; Sunday school, 4 p.m.; Thursday evening, 7.45, prayer meeting.

ST. BRIDGET'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Massachusetts Ave., near Elm Ave.
Rev. P. J. Kavanagh, pastor, residence next to the church. Services—Alternate Sundays at 9 and 10.30 a.m.; vespers 4 p.m., every Sunday; Weekdays, mass at 8 a.m.

FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS.

Simon Robinson Lodge.
Meets at Masonic hall, Town Hall building, second Monday of each month at 7.30 p.m.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN.

Meets in A. O. U. W. hall, Hancock street, corner Bedford street, second and fourth Tuesday evenings in each month.
IMPROVED ORDER OF HEPTASOPHS.

Lexington Conclave.

Meets at A. O. U. W. hall, second and fourth Wednesday evenings.
GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.
George G. Meade Post 119.
Meets in Grand Army hall third Thursday of each month.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

Council No. 94.
Meets in Lexington hall, Hunt block, Massachusetts avenue, first and third Tuesdays of each month.

LEXINGTON HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Meets in Corey hall second Tuesday evenings of winter months.
THE LEND-A-HAND OF THE UNITARIAN CHURCH.

Meetings second Tuesday in each month at 3 p.m., in the church vestry.

ART CLUB.

Meetings held Monday afternoons at members' residences, from November 1st to May 1st.

EAST LEXINGTON FINANCE CLUB.

Meets first Monday each month at Stone Building, East Lexington.

LEXINGTON MONDAY CLUB.

Meets in winter every week at homes of members. Membership limited to 15.

SHAKESPEARE CLUB.

Meetings held Monday evenings, at members' residences, from October 15 to May 15.

THE TOURIST CLUB.

Meetings held at members' houses, Monday, 2.30 p.m.

LEXINGTON FIRE ALARM.

LOCATION OF BOXES.
45 cor. Pleasant and Watertown streets.
46 cor. Watham and Middle streets.
47 cor. Lincoln and School streets.
52 cor. Clark and Forest streets.
54 cor. Mass. avenue and Cedar street.
56 Bedford street—No. Lexington depot.
57 Bedford street—opp. J. R. Reed's.
58 cor. Hancock and Adams streets.
59 cor. Ash and Reed streets.
62 cor. Woburn and Vine streets.
63 cor. Woburn and Lowell streets.
65 Lowell street near Arlington line.
72 Warren st. opp. Mrs. W. R. Monroe's.
73 cor. Mass. avenue and Woburn street.
74 cor. Bloomfield and Justice streets.
75 Mass. avenue opp. Ferry road.
76 Mass. avenue opp. Village hall.
77 Mass. avenue and Pleasant street.
78 Mass. avenue opp. E. Lexington depot.
79 Mass. avenue and Sylvia streets.
81 Bedford street, near Elm street.
82 Centre Engine House.
83 cor. Grant and Sherman streets.
84 cor. Merriam and Oakland streets.
85 Hancock street near Hancock avenue.
86 cor. Mass. and Elm avenues.
87 Chandler street opp. J. P. Prince's.
89 Mass. avenue near town hall.

PRIVATE BOXES.

231 Morrill estate, Lowell street.
661 Carhouse, Bedford st., No. Lexington.

DEPARTMENT SIGNALS.

Second alarm, repetition of first; general alarm, eleven blows; all out, two blows; brush fire, three blows followed by box number.

SPECIAL SIGNALS.

Test signal, one blow at 12 m.; no school signal, three blows repeated three times; police call, five blows three times; special signal, 22 five times from electric light station.

LOCATION OF WHISTLES, ETC.

Whistle at electric light station, bell on Follen church, East Lexington, tapper at residence of chief engineer, tapper at residence of first assistant engineer, tapper at residence of second assistant engineer, tapper at pumping station, tapper at residence of Wm. B. Foster, police, tapper at residence of C. H. Franks, police, tapper at centre engine house, tapper at East Lexington engine house, tapper at residence of James R. Shelvey.

INSTRUCTIONS.

Before giving an alarm be sure a fire exists. Give the alarm at the nearest box. Pull the hook way down, only once, and let go.
Never give an alarm for a fire seen at a distance.
Wait at the box, if possible, and direct the firemen to the fire.

Never give a second alarm for the same fire; all second alarms are given by the engineers or other persons in authority.
Never give an alarm for a brush fire unless buildings are in danger; but inform the engineers and they will take action to extinguish it.
Citizens are requested to inform themselves as to the location of keys. Signs over the boxes will give the necessary information.

CAUTION TO PERSONS HAVING KEYS.

Never open boxes except to give an alarm.
You cannot remove your key until an engineer releases it, and it will then be returned to you.
Never allow the key out of your possession except to some responsible party, for the purpose of giving an alarm, and then see that it is returned.
If you remove from your place of residence or business, return the key to the chief engineer.

LEXINGTON ADVERTISERS.

JOHN A. FRATUS, Jeweler, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc.

All Repairing Guaranteed.

Store At Post Office, Lexington.

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(Successors to N. J. HARDY & Co., in Lexington.)

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AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Hay shipped direct from Michigan and delivered at lowest market prices. Grains are received direct from western growers and are sold at prices which cannot be cut under.

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LEXINGTON ICE CO.

GEO. M. WILSON, Prop.

PURE RESERVOIR ICE.

Families Supplied all Seasons of the Year.

P. O. BOX 403.

Parker Street, Lexington.

J. J. TOOMEY,

Fashionable Hairdresser.

Pompadour and Children's Hair-cutting a Specialty. Razors Honed and Reconcaved.

HUNT BLOCK, MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE

\$2.50 Radcliffe Shoe

FOR LADIES.

FOR SALE BY FRANK O. NELSON,

Massachusetts Avenue, Near Town Hall, LEXINGTON.

J. H. FRIZELLE & SON,

EAST LEXINGTON,

Teaming, Jobbing

PERFECT EQUIPMENT. CAREFUL DRIVERS. Satisfaction Always Guaranteed.

H. MALCOLM TORREY,

BLACKSMITH

Practical Horse Shoeing and Jobbing. Hand-made Shoes For Driving Horses a Specialty.

Horses Called for and Returned.

Lock Box 8. East Lexington.

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DEALER IN

Choice Groceries, Fancy Goods

Stationery, Daily Papers and Small Wares of all Kinds.

Laundry Agency, Tel. 14-3 Lexington. East Lexington Post Office.

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Expressing, Jobbing & Furniture Moving.

Baggage Delivered to and from all Trains. Stand: Centre Depot. P. O. Box 506, LEXINGTON.

LEONARD A. SAVILLE,

Office, Post Office Building, Lexington. Farms, Houses and Land for Sale and leased.

Furnished Houses to Rent. Agent for Manchester Insurance Co., a first-class Company at regular rates.

M. F. SPINNEY,

Capillary Abridger and Dresser

DEPOT SQUARE, LEXINGTON. My workmanship is my recommendation. Cleanest, neatest shop in town. A Superior Hair Tonic for sale. Shop also at Bedford.

E. B. McLALAN, (Successor to Wm. E. Denham) HORSESHOER, Special attention given to Over-reaching, Interfering, or Lame Horses. Shop at the Old Stand, Adjoining R. R. Station, Westly Side, Lexington.

THE SOUND OF A PIANO.

Seemingly Def

ALL RAIL COAL COAL

Is Cleanest, Freshest and Brightest.

H. L. CARSTEIN,

Ogden Ave., No. Cambridge

THE ENTERPRISE.

Wilson Palmer, Editor.
William Ruthven Flint, Manager.
Harry M. Flint, Assistant Manager.
F. Alex Chandler, Assistant Manager.
Waverley, Mass.

(Entered as Second-Class Matter.)

Saturday, May 3, 1902.

THE ENTERPRISE IS FOR SALE IN ARLINGTON BY:
Arlington News Co., Postoffice Bldg., Arlington.
Frank R. Daniels, 606 Mass. avenue, Arlington.
Mrs. Margaret Deane, 55 Park avenue, Heights.
H. P. Longley, Elevated waiting room, Heights.
Edward I. McKenzie, B. & M. station, Heights.

THE TELEPHONE

The telephone is so serviceable to both the business house and the private home that it is entitled to respectful usage. This convenient medium of speech was never intended for idle gossip, and much less was it intended for language that is ungentlemanly and discourteous in its expression. The telephone has no sympathy with the man or woman who does not know what a pleasant, generous "hello" means. We have heard voices through the telephone which in tone and expression only serve to freeze out the one "calling 'em up." The human voice should be made a source of pleasure to the average ear. The telephone was never made for a grunt and a swear. Its proper use is for business messages and words of a more private nature, expressed in language agreeable and in keeping with good taste.

WHY NOT TELL THE TRUTH?

Why not tell the children the truth in every instance? Why should we longer deceive them in relation to all that is most fundamental in life? Children in the very nature of things tell the truth until we older grown have practically taught them to tell a lie. It is conceded on all sides that the most reliable witness in court is the child. We are well aware that there are those who still believe that "in Adam's fall we sinned all," and yet in no way can we be made to believe that this saying applies to the children. The normal child is frank and open as the day with a secret to conceal. Without restraint and with no fear of punishment before him the child will tell you "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth." But fathers and mothers all unconsciously it may be, yet none the less go deliberately to work and teach the boys and girls of infant years to tell that which is not true. The mother even in this later and more intelligent day, tells the inquiring boy and girl that the doctor gave them her latest born. The unfortunate fact is that we too frequently interpret the highest truths relating to life and its origin in a false way; we veil our faces when we should let ourselves be seen in that divine image in which we were created. And in a thousand other ways are the children misled and deceived. Why not tell them the simple truth.

IN THE AUDIENCE ROOM

Respectful behaviour in the audience room, should be one of the first lessons taught in the home, and in the public school. There is every reason that here in Arlington this subject of proper decorum in public gatherings should be discussed in the home, in our public schools, and through the press. Complaints are frequent and made on every side by the townspeople, that they have been and are much disturbed by a class of boys, and young men some of whom are pupils in our public schools, by their noisy and turbulent conduct in the assembly room. These boys many of them, come from good homes, and have in the public schools the instruction of excellent teachers, and yet at an ordinary entertainment they make everyone uncomfortable about them, through the utter disregard of their surroundings. The dramatic entertainment given by the Y. P. S. C. E. a week

SPECIAL TOWN MEETING.

A Special Town Meeting will be held in Town Hall on Monday, May 5th, 1902, at 8 o'clock p. m.

EDWIN S. FARMER,
GEO. I. DOE,
WALTER CROSBY,
Selectmen of Arlington.

Arlington,
April 29, 1902.

ago in the vestry of the Pleasant street Congregational church, was not a little disturbed by these same boys and young men—indeed so much disturbed that Mr. Cobb, instructor of the manual class in the High School building, was obliged to speak several times to these young disturbers of the peace, that order might be preserved. Now the question arises how shall these boys and young men be made to behave in the audience room? The answer is simple, Arlington has an excellent police force whose business it is to quell disturbances of all kinds big or little. If those actively interested in the next entertainment to be given in Arlington, will see that some member of the police force is present, we venture that such order will be maintained that all can enjoy the rendering of the programme.

We met an Arlington woman the other day who had lost almost entirely the sight of one eye by an ugly fall. When sympathizing with her in her more than misfortune, she said in a grateful way, "I thank God for the remaining well eye." Now this half-blinded woman has the wisest philosophy in her religion. To be thankful for what we have left, is far better than to mourn over what we have lost. What is beyond reach, becomes a negative quantity, while that which we have remaining constitutes the positive side of life. This cheerful hopeful Arlington woman preached us a whole sermon in her expression of gratitude that she has one eye left. And why should she not be grateful, for she has still sufficient vision left to take in God's immeasurable universe.

Mr. John H. Farrell a lover of the trailing arbutus, brought to the editor's table last week a sweet, generous bunch of May flowers in answer to the promise made in the issue of the Enterprise the week before, that a generous price would be paid for the first bunch of May flowers placed on the editor's table; so that during this present week we have been taking in the sweet fragrance of this modest flower as we have written. Indeed we have come near breaking out into poetry. Many thanks to Mr. Farrell in addition to the sum gladly paid.

NEW BOOKS IN ROBBINS' LIBRARY.

Adams, C. C. Text-book of commercial geography 4.87
Atkinson, E. Taxation and work. Series of treatise on the tariff and the currency. 337.6
Bagehot, W. Lombard street; a description of the money market. 332.22
Boston, Mass. Public Library. Annual list of new and important books added. 1900-01. R. S.
Boswell, J. Life of Johnson including Boswell's journal of a tour to the Hebrides, etc. Ed. by G. B. Hill. 6v. 5542.96
Botsford, G. W. History of the orient and Greece. 21.22
Bowen, F. Modern philosophy from Descartes to Schopenhauer and Hartmann. 1022.80
Briggs, C. A. Bible, the church and the reason. 220.14
Brown, Alice Margaret Warren 2214.5
Brown, G. B. (George Douglas.) House with the green shutters. 22191.1
Browell, Elizabeth B., ed. *I read Children. 1053.721
Conway, M. D. Life of Thomas Paine. 2v. 72195.90
Fitch, J. G. Lectures on teaching delivered in the University of Cambridge [Eng.] during 1880. 371.26
Foss, S. W. Back country poems. 39775.40
Gates, Josephine S. *Story of live dolls. 41491.1
Goethe, J. W. von. Autobiography. Truth and poetry: from my own life. 2v. 4290.96
Hunter, Mary V. B. *Stories of famous children told to Marguerite. 1029.92
International Monthly. v. 1-4. 1900-1901. 1. M.
Johnston, Mary. Audrez. 55571.3
Locke, J. Philosophical works. 2v. 150.21
Long, W. J. *Beasts of the field. 590.47
*Fowls of the air. 598.51
McCarthy, Justin H. If I were king. 62281.1
Maginnis, A. J. Atlantic ferry: its ships, men and working. 387.1
Marriott, J. A. R. Makers of modern Italy: Mazzini-Cavour-Garibaldi. 72.18
Mexico National Commission, pub. Few facts about Mexico. 908.20
Mill, J. S. Considerations on representative government. 321.4
Molke: his life and character, sketched in journals, letters, etc. 68192.90
Paine, L. L. Critical history of the evolution of Trinitarianism. 250.25
Ethnic trinitaries and their relations to the Christian Trinity. 290.8
Richards, Laura E. *Fernley House. Sequel to Rita. 7868.23
Smith, Mary P. W. [P. Thorne.] *Four on a farm. 8505.14
Stranahan, Clara H. History of French painting. 759.14
Sumner, W. G. What social classes owe to each other. 330.26
Swett, Sophie. *Cape Cod boy. 8869.9
Tabb, J. B. *Child verse. Poems, grave and gay. 8902.40
Trollope, Anthony. Chronicles of Barsetshire. (New Ed.) 9134.9
1. Warden 9134.1
2. Barsetshire Towers, 2v. 9134.11
3. Doctor Thorne, 2v. 9134.12
4. Framley parsonage, 2v. 9134.13
5. Small house at Allington, 3v. 9134.14
6. Last chronicle of Barset. 3v. 9134.15
Van Horne, T. B. Life of Major-General George H. Thomas. 9016.92
Walcott, Rogers. Public services in memory of Roger Walcott, Boston April 18, 1901. 9411.90
Wall, E. J. Dictionary of photography 770.8
Woodberry, G. E. History of wood engraving. 761.2
Woolsey, T. D. Political science. 2v. 320.8

THE IMP 'O SATAN

"BILL MONTEITH"

Great black eyes set deep in a head too large for the trail underpinning beneath. A six year old, built like a taopole, with half the mischief of all creation concentrated in his restless brain. The old apple woman around the corner called him an "imp 'o Satan," uncompromisingly and with much stress of accent. She had grounds. None other executed so many successful schemes for pilfering an occasional apple from her store, behind her very nose. And none other could look so innocent and hurt when she charged him with abstraction. Once, when she had caught him in the act, he turned upon her, to her complete surprise, and pummeled her stout person with his tiny fists and kicked her shins with his more effective feet, with a ferocity and vindictiveness to her mind totally uncalculated. And at the same time he shocked her somewhat calloused sensibilities by volleys forth an astonishing stream of commingled oaths and expletives. A passing policeman relieved the stress of the situation by catching up the infuriated "imp" by the scruff of the neck and administering a few far from gentle slaps with his stick.

Orazio—his name was Orazio Terracciano and he generally went by it in full—had certainly a mixture of Jewish in his little hot pint of Italian blood. A bargain was his delight and se'dom was he second best at its conclusion. His pockets were a miniature second hand junk shop, its wares always ready for display. A few coppers, often a nickel or two, and more rarely a dime, comprised his speculating capital. He parted much more readily with his stock than with his money, but, strangely enough, most of the articles, as well as the coins, returned, in addition to the pennies brought in by the attraction of persuasiveness, cozening, and sometimes, alas, of downright cheating.

Orazio Terracciano went to school—when he could not help it—and spent the greater part of time annoying the teacher by his insatiable bargaining propensities, and his unlimited capacity for mischief. The victims of his deals often times wept as heartbrokenly as did those of his plagiaries. Once he caused a dire calamity by persuading an innocent small damsel of the succulence of a stale yeast cake. He cleared three coppers by the transaction. The maiden did not rise an inch even in her own estimation, although she got to boot a surprisingly large turmoil for so minute a capacity in her small inside. Orazio often regretted that little square of expansion.

For a long time the hurt innocence of his look had postponed the unmasking of his villainous character. But at last the old apple woman's application, became current. The "imp 'o Satan" he became, and the mellifluous "Orazio Terracciano" was obsolete. At the same time, a rapid deterioration, if such can be deemed possible in so degenerate a specimen, took place in himself. His mischief bordered more and more on real criminality. He got into the police court on charge of petty larceny, and barely escaped the reformatory. His diminutiveness saved him. Cigarettes had dwarfed his body without clouding his mind.

There was but one redeeming quality about him, an affection unflagging, and almost unselfish, for the little grand-daughter of the apple woman.

The old lady vigorously disapproved of his attempts at gallantry, but he championed the midget on all occasions. One day she found them coquetting in true Italian fashion, he sitting on an old orange box, and she leaning out of a second story window. The apple woman charged upon him with wrathful stick upraised. As he turned to escape, the youngster above overbalanced upon the window ledge and came out, with but a fast loosening hold upon the sill and a shrill cry of terror. The "imp 'o Satan" looked up, then ran beneath as she came flashing down upon him. His arms were upstretched and his pindling legs planted resolutely. But the impetuous was too great. She bore him backward to the pavement. The grandmother snatched her up, found her quite unhurt but crying from fright. The "imp 'o Satan" again "Orazio Terracciano" and a hero from that day forth nevermore stirred.



Don't be Gloomy.
An Electric Light is the only proper illumination for your hallway and stairs. It not only is safer, but lends itself to graceful ornamentations.
Somerville Electric Light Co.,
F. ELLWOOD SMITH,
General Manager.
110 Willow Avenue, West Somerville.

ARLINGTON LOCALS.

The class of 1902, Crosby School, planted yesterday afternoon a tree on the school grounds with appropriate exercises.

Mr. Shirley Everett Johnson of Louisville Kentucky, formerly assistant with Henry Watterson on the Louisville Journal, has been during the week this guest of Chief of Police Harriman.

Rev. S. C. Bushnell of the Pleasant street Congregational church had an unusually interesting discourse Sunday morning on the church as a religious organization, and on its requirements for membership. Mr. Bushnell does not hesitate to declare that none of the so-called creeds should be made a test of church membership. Loyalty to Christ he would make the only requirement. Mr. Bushnell is well up with the liberal thought of the religious world.

N. J. Hardy the caterer started Tuesday evening for Canada to visit his mother, and take a needed rest of a few days. On his way home Mr. Hardy will visit his old hunting grounds in Maine.

John D. Irwin, Joseph Halson, John Murray and Andrew Irwin, Arlington men, let loose several homing pigeons Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. The first of the flock arrived in Arlington in thirty six minutes, and the latest of them reached Arlington in forty-five minutes. Gardner is at least sixty miles distant. The pigeon is said to frequently fly fifty miles for its supper and then back to its roost.

A fire alarm was rung in from box 36 Wednesday morning at 1 o'clock. The fire department promptly responded. The fire which is supposed to have been set was discovered in the basement of J. W. Harrington's paint shop 450 Mass. avenue. The fire created a big blaze, while the heat was intense. The fire ladders went to work with a will and soon subdued the flames, thus saving the buildings in near neighborhood. It is estimated that the damage to building and stock will amount to twenty-five hundred dollars. George J. Wellington had just previous to the fire sent one or two wicker chairs and his house blinds to be painted these were all burned. Mr. Cott had an insurance of \$500 on his shop. Mrs. N. W. Hodgdon who owns the building had an insurance of \$800 in the North American Insurance Co. And J. W. Harrington who occupied the second story, for his paint shop was insured in the Connecticut fire insurance Co \$200 on his stock and \$200 on his tools.

Professor Hadlock, of the Boston Conservatory of Music, is starting a choir in the Arlington Line Mission. All are welcome to join. Meeting Sunday evening at 6 o'clock for rehearsal. Extra music.

The whist party and dance to be given by the St. Joseph's S. and B. society has been postponed until May 12.

Simone Barker, 38 Russell street, is a carpenter who well understands all there is in the building line. He has held his trade for many a year, and his work is his best advertisement. Remember his address, 38 Russell street.

Miss E. L. Baker, 18 Hillside avenue, teacher of pianoforte will continue to take private pupils during the summer vacations. Read her advertisement.

The Arlington Women's club, at its annual meeting, on Thursday afternoon, elected the following officers for the coming year: President, Mrs. Charles A. Bennett; first vice-president, Miss Esther Bailey; second vice-president, Mrs. Minnie E. Grover; recording secretary, Miss Mabel Babson; corresponding secretary, Miss Laura Fessenden; treasurer, Miss Jennie Sprague; auditor, Mrs. F. Y. Wellington; executive committee, Miss C. A. Brackett, Miss Annie Stevens, Mrs. G. O. Russell. The first meeting of the official board occurs on Tuesday afternoon, May 6.

Read C. L. Messer & Co.'s advertisement in another column. Messer & Co. are dealers in pianos of the most approved make. Office in John D. Rosic's rooms, Postoffice building, where the pianos of the firm may be seen at any time.

Remember the special town meeting on next Monday evening.

The Arlington high school baseball team was to have played Lexington high on Lawrence field, last Tuesday but the Lexington team failed to put in an appearance. The high school boys easily defeated a scrub team of graduates and substitutes.

Frank Y. Wellington leaves today for a business trip of about two weeks in the West.

The novelty of the promenade concert and dance which takes place next Wednesday evening in the town hall under the auspices of the vestry of St. John's church is sure to draw a crowd. The fascinating Elling, in his subreptic specialties, heads the bill, and plenty of other high rate talent will be seen and heard. Dancing follows. Grey's orchestra furnishing the music.

Artistic posters are being displayed advertising the promenade concert and dance under the auspices of the vestry of St. John's church next Wednesday.

Clan Lindsay, 125, O. S. C., will give its last social and dance of the season, May 29, in Odd Fellows hall, North Cambridge.

The F. and E. circle will hold an entertainment and dance in Odd Fellows hall, 536 Massachusetts avenue, Cambridgeport, next Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

St. Agnes' church has been crowded morning and evening, the past week, the first of two weeks' mission being conducted by the Passionist Fathers, Gregory and Joachim. The services the past week have been for women, the men's services coming next week. At mass at 5 o'clock in the morning, and the evening service at 7.30, every seat has been occupied, many standing.

The anniversary dinner of the Arlington Building Fund association was given in the town hall last Thursday. Dinner was served at 12.30. Hardy catering. From two until four whist was played, many prizes being awarded. Afterwards there was a short program of reading and music. Miss Ethel Teakbury sang, accompanied by Miss Dora Parsons. Henrietta Babson, nine years old, also sang, with her own accompaniment.

The Woman's Relief Corps will exemplify its work the latter part of May.

The Centre was well represented at the Heights vaudeville show, last Wednesday evening, in Crescent hall, for the benefit of the Symmes Arlington hospital. Quite a number of Arlington young people had places on the program.

C. W. Grossmith, Registered Pharmacist.

10 Years' Experience in the Wholesale and Retail Drug Business with the Best Boston Firms.

Special attention given to the compounding of Physicians' Prescriptions.
Our wonderful Bronchial and Lung Cough Mixture, 25c and 35c. Never fails to cure bad coughs.
Eua De Quinia for the hair, 25c and 50c.
Lowney's and Daggett's Chocolates, always fresh, and a fine line of Confectionery.
And everything found in a first-class drug store. Give us a trial and we will try to please you. We sell at Boston Prices.

Cor. Mystic Street, Arlington, Mass.



Cupid's Gifts,

if he had his choice, would be in showers of sweetness, so that all his victims could swim in pleasure like Danae in the golden shower.

A box of our choice confections and fine chocolates, bon bons, caramels, nut candies, and our home made candies for gift purposes cannot be surpassed. Economy recognizes the fine quality for the price.

N. J. HARDY,

657 Massachusetts Avenue, ARLINGTON.



THE CRESCENT CASH GROCERY.

WM. MUNDLE, Prop. Telephone 21358.

W. P. B. BROOKS & CO.

147-149 Hanover St., Boston R. C. CLIFFORD, Treasurer and Manager

Have a blended combination of enterprise and energy with cleanliness and perfection in their

Porcelain Lined Refrigerators

WE RETAIL WE WHOLESALE WE MANUFACTURE

Morris Chairs, \$5 to \$25 Parlor Sets, \$20 to \$150

Dining Tables, \$5 to \$25 Dressers, \$7.50 to \$50

Regal Ranges with High Shelf, \$19.50

Cellar to Garret House Furnishers

W. P. B. BROOKS & CO.

147-149 HANOVER STREET BOSTON

R. C. CLIFFORD, Treasurer and Manager

Wanted At Once

SIX SQUARE PIANOS. We have Six Customers who want a Square Piano (can't afford an upright), and we haven't a square in stock. We want to serve these customers so we will trade the square for new ones, and we want the business.

C. E. MESSER & CO., P. O. Block

WANTED—Trade Pianos for Good Bicycles.

C. E. MESSER, P. O. Block, Arlington.

evening, proved himself hardly less than a professional in the tableau entitled "Wireless Telegraphy." His fair partner in the tableau, hardly out of her teens, gave "Gibson" in inspiration which rendered his success the more pronounced. What words passed between the actors representing the tableau by the wireless telegraphy will never be known to other than themselves.

The assessors, George I. Doe, L. C. Tyler and O. W. Whittemore, started out on their annual tour of inventory Thursday morning, bright and early.

Arlington may well boast of its efficient fire department. It is not surpassed by any fire organization outside of Boston.

Chief of Police Harriman is away for a few days on a visit to his brother in Maine. If ever there was an official who deserved a week's rest, that official is Chief Harriman. Officer Hovey takes the chief's place during his short absence.

Bernard McGowan, whose death occurred at his home, at 67 Mystic street, Wednesday, was born in Leithrim county, Ireland, in January, 1832. He came to this country in 1852. For several years he resided in New York city, where he served on the police force. He had previously served on the police force of Liverpool and London. Mr. McGowan came to Arlington in 1885 and two years later married Miss Ellen Mahoney, a native of the town. The deceased during his residence in Arlington was a gardener and contractor. An industrious man his life long, he had made a pleasant, comfortable home for himself and wife. He had no children. Mr. McGowan had suffered for several weeks with some heart difficulty. Better of this, pneumonia set in on Monday, and he died on Wednesday of heart failure. Mr. McGowan was a man respected by all who knew him. Honest in his dealings, he wronged no man. The golden rule was his guide in life. The funeral of the deceased was held in St. Agnes' church Friday morning.

Edwin S. Farmer, chairman of the board of selectmen, has gone on a fishing expedition. It is to be presumed that Mr. Farmer has gone where the waters are made alive with the finny tribe, for he has never been known to throw his line, where he is not likely to get a "bite."

The old saw factory on Massachusetts avenue caught fire Tuesday from an overheated chimney. The fire department was called out and the flames were quickly subdued. The damage will not exceed fifty dollars.

Letter Carrier B. N. Cleary was one of the prize winners at a whist party in Cambridge, Tuesday evening.

WELL FAVORED CATTLE

The kind that are well fed and nourished are the kind that we select for our butchering. They are always in the best health, and this meat is the tenderest and most nutritious. The is why our beef, mutton, lamb, etc., are the best.

C. H. STONE & SON,

Cor. Mass. and Park Aves

Arlington Heights.

Telephone 131-4 Arlington.

LOST.

A BRINDLE BULL TERRIER, white nose, answers to name of Rex, name on collar, in Belmont. Finder will be rewarded. S. S. Liddlestone, 14 Church street, Waltham.

MARRIED.

CALLAHAN-CAHILL—Monday, April 28, by Rev. A. S. Malone, Bernard J. Callahan, of Woburn, and Mary Elizabeth Cahill, of Arlington.

DIED.

TRELE—Monday, April 28, Martha A. Trele, widow of the late Thomas H. Trele, 83 years, 4 months.
MCGOVERN—Wednesday, April 30, Bernard McGovern, 70 years, 3 months.

READ THE ENTERPRISE. Its Columns are Clean, Original, and Interesting. Subscriptions are Always in Season.

ARLINGTON ENTERPRISE

LEXINGTON SECTION

THE ENTERPRISE, as an Advertising Medium, is the Best, Because its Circulation is the Biggest.

LEXINGTON, MASS., MAY 3, 1902.

MADE TO WALK ON

The Sherwin Williams
Inside Floor Paint.



It is all ready for use; add nothing to it; nine colors; orange, light tan, yellow, slate, dust color, light yellow, grey, light brown, red.
Put it on yourself, it's easy.
Agent for Lexington.

G. W. Spaulding.

Mass. Ave., Lexington.

A. S. MITCHELL,

AUCTIONEER.

Sales of Real Estate and Personal Property made anywhere in the state. Household Furniture bought or money advanced upon it. Parties wishing to dispose of any kind of property or have any property appraised in settling estates or otherwise can have me call and see them free of charge by sending me a postal to call.
Boston Office, 113 Devonshire Street. Telephone 1509 Main.
Residence, Hunt Block, Lexington.

Now Is the Time

to have your bicycles cleaned and repaired for the coming season. Your lawn mower doubtless needs attention. Don't wait until the rush but look after this now. We are ready to repair sewing machines or sharpen skates in quick order.

FISKE BROS.,

MASS. AVE., LEXINGTON, MASS.

LUMBER...

FOR ALL PURPOSES

Lexington Lumber Co.,

Telephone 48.

LEXINGTON

JUST TRY

some of T. I. REED'S HAMS and BACON and you will ask for no other.

We have Dandelions, Spinach, Lettuce, Rhubarb, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Parsley, Water-Cress, and all the rest of the early Vegetables on hand and fresh at all times. We guarantee perfect satisfaction. Give us a call.

W. V. TAYLOR,

Groceries and Provisions.

LESTER E. SMITH, Manager.

Telephone 34-2

WALTER I. FULLER,

ELECTRICIAN,

(Formerly with R. W. LeBaron),

Arlington and East Lexington.

Electric Work of Every Description. Electric Lights, Bells, Gas Lighting, Burglar Alarms, Telephones, Speaking Tubes. All work promptly attended to.

Repair shop at residence at East Lexington.
Bicycles, Lawn Mowers, Sewing Machines, Locks, &c., Cleaned and Repaired. Keys Fitted and General Jobbing.
Send postal and I will call.

Why Smoke

a poor cigar, of poor quality and poor manufacture when you can get a clear hand-made cigar like

The "Blue Bird"

for 5 cents or th

"Old Belfry"

for 10 cents.

Manufactured in East Lexington by

CHARLES G. KAUFFMAN

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A PAT FOR PATRICK.

Mr. Bayley Replies Caustically.

Exposing the Incongruities and Inconsistencies of the Independent's Late Editor.

LEXINGTON, MASS. April 23rd, 1902
Editor Enterprise:—

Patrick Flynn, the alleged editor of your contemporary, the Independent, saw fit in his last week's issue to devote to me, either directly or indirectly, the greater part of five columns, making it what might be called a Bayley Edition; such extended public notice naturally warrants some acknowledgement from me, which I am happy to make through the courtesy of the Enterprise. In doing so, however, I shall rely largely upon Mr. Flynn's own previous statements upon the subject, which furnish a complete answer to his article and which leave him in a most ludicrous and humiliating position, of giving the lie to his own words, but as this is already apparent to those who have followed his contradictory course, my present object is only to assist Mr. Flynn "to see himself as others see him." He complains that I "attacked" the Independent unjustly, "and that he was forced to fly to its rescue"—now this alleged attack consisted in publishing in the Enterprise of April 12th, three unanswered letters which I had written Mr. William A. Woodward, the owner of the Independent, asking if he would furnish the proper authorities with the evidence of, or authority upon which he based his "Cursed Rum" article, published in the Independent of March 22nd, adding the only comment which his cowardly neglect to answer my letters, or explain his action deserved, and expressing also, the belief, that by his retirement from the management of the Independent, there would be no recurrence of such disgraceful journalism. It is perfectly apparent that so far as the Independent and Mr. Flynn are concerned, my comment, instead of being an attack, was, as now appears, an undeserved compliment to both Mr. Flynn and his paper; for he announces his intention to continue on the same lines indefinitely. So much for what he seems pleased to call an unjust attack upon the Independent.

Let us now examine the nature and quality of Mr. Flynn's defence, which is, if possible, even weaker than his claim of an "unjust attack." Of this fact, he seems to have some slight appreciation, for he says (by way of apology for presenting his article) that he is "compelled to uphold the good name of the Independent," which, if measured by his apparent effort, he must have felt to be an extremely difficult task, and so it is along the lines he has undertaken it. His defense, when stripped of all the murky effusion of his excited imagination and reduced to something like a concise statement is, that Mr. Woodward's "Cursed Rum" article was deduced from and based upon the Annual Report of the Law Enforcement Committee and that Mr. Woodward "simply took that report as the source and authority for the statements he made." I will proceed to show from the facts, words and written statements of both Messrs. Woodward and Flynn, that Mr. Flynn's statements of last week were false and that knowing them to be false he deliberately made them in order to deceive and mislead his readers. In other words, to speak plainly, Mr. Flynn, the proud editor of the Independent, deliberately lied to his readers on the material points of his article. That such is the fact is clearly shown from the following five statements:

First, because the report of the Law Enforcement Committee was given in full at a public meeting of the Society held January 22nd, 1902, at which, Mr. Woodward was present by special invitation. He gave an extended and very favorable report of what the Society had accomplished in the issue of the Independent for that week, dated February last. As this is the only known occasion when Mr. Woodward had an opportunity to see, or hear the report before he wrote his "Cursed Rum" article, we have the right to conclude that his report and editorial comment above referred to, expressed what he had to say so far as the facts contained in the Committee's reports were concerned, which Mr. Flynn well knew.

Second, because the Woodward article published March 22nd., was clearly intended to portray the present condition of the illegal liquor traffic in our town, while the Committee's report, which Mr. Flynn kindly quoted last week, expressly states the condition of affairs as it existed one year before Mr. Woodward's article was written, which was altogether different, as every one including Mr. Flynn, knows.

The other material allegations in the Woodward article were, that (a) Spasmodic ineffectual efforts had been made to stop illegal selling, whereas, the Committee's report told of continued and well directed efforts by our police, resulting in most effectual raids and convictions, that (b) "Thousands of pocket pistol bottles find their way into town," whereas, in our report there is no such reference, that

(c) "The Independent could obtain a revenue of \$100 per month from rum advertisements if it would consent to publish them." Of course, no such reference can be found in our report. In fact, if I were to say anything on this point, it would be to express a very grave doubt whether the Independent would refuse such a revenue coming from any source whatever, that (d) "One of our drug stores is a notorious dispenser of liquor, having a proprietor so 'sleek' that the police cannot catch him, and the boys (not our report) say he makes his liquor and never disappoints or keeps his customers waiting, and is too clever for our small community and suggests the plan of putting an expert druggist on our

Police Force to discover the mystery of the drug bottles on his shelves."

I challenge Mr. Flynn to point out in our report any statements from which Mr. Woodward "simply" took or which can be fairly construed as a source of or authority for, such cowardly charges and insinuations.

Third, because, since the publication of Mr. Woodward's article, I have had three separate conversations with Mr. Flynn, in which this matter was referred to, and during which Mr. Flynn said he did not believe Woodward would reply to my letters and that he (Flynn) did not believe Woodward had any evidence in support of his charges, and at the last of these conversations, which took place at his home on the evening of April 17th, I told Mr. Flynn that I expected to publish my letters to Mr. Woodward, because I believed our citizens should know the position in which he had placed himself. To which suggestion, Mr. Flynn in no way then dissented.

Fourth, because, if Mr. Woodward had in fact, based his article upon our report, it would have been the most natural as well as the easiest thing in the world for him to have said so himself after being given such ample opportunity, but no, he was either too shrewd or too honest, and so, poor Flynn who was neither, blindly rushed into the breach with the senseless and foolish statements, contained in his defense when the publication of my letters made some reply necessary.

Fifth, because, Mr. Flynn himself has furnished the best answer to his own false statements which completely clinches the matter, and as it was written by himself, it leaves him absolutely no chance of escape by making a denial for, in the Independent of April 5th., in an editorial headed "Must Be Mistaken," Mr. Flynn himself discusses this very article of Mr. Woodward's, using the following language:—

"Two weeks ago there appeared an article on the front page of the Independent calling attention to the increase of intemperance in our town and charging one of our drug stores as being 'notorious as a dispenser' of liquor, with some other remarks not complimentary to the proprietor of the store, nor very flattering to the good taste of the writer of the article. It is very evident that the writer was not very conversant with the high moral standard of our town—true, there may be some liquor sold in the drug stores, as we have heard such remarks made by men of very high standing in our community, and have read it in the pages of the report of the Law Enforcement Committee of the present year, but granted such to be the case, the sales would be entirely inadequate to the charges made."

The statement that Cart-loads of Liquor are hauled into the town is simply absurd and needs no more denial, than does the contradictory statement that it is manufactured by one of our druggists—neither are we willing to see our town and its citizens grossly misrepresented from our point of view, without raising our voice in protest—but to the person or persons who stuffed him (Mr. Woodward) with such ridiculous nonsense, we have nothing to offer but silent contempt.

Even Mr. Flynn must appreciate that the foregoing statement is "doubly pat," coming from Patrick himself, and as he made these statements just two weeks after the Woodward article appeared and also, just two weeks before his own effort of last week, it can scarcely be called a "dead issue" although the contract may have a fatal effect upon him. Compare this editorial with his defense of last week and consider the fact which he must admit, that he is the author of them both, and then tell me if Patrick Flynn does not stand before his readers as a self-confessed liar? There is an ancient proverb which says: "Answer a Fool according to his Folly," but in this instance it is unnecessary, for this fool has completely answered himself. The only escape for him seems to be that, perhaps, after all he is not the real or only editor of the Independent and so does not read his own editorials. At all events, he takes the palm for assinine stupidity, sharing the unenviable distinction only with his assistant if he has one, and although he seems to spurn the idea of a halter around his neck, yet, it does look as if he had a noose located somewhere above his shoulders and below his ears, which will be quite as effectual and satisfactory if drawn as tight as present conditions would indicate, and the ridiculous part of it is that he placed it there himself, for I have only tightened it a little.

Toward the end of his tirade, Mr. Flynn seems to have lost his head and forgotten his text, for, after spinning out his exhausting defense of Mr. Woodward's article, for nearly three columns, he calmly delivers himself, as follows:—"Of course, no reader of this article will infer that I uphold, or in any way approve of Mr. Woodward's article." For this fellow to say that he neither upholds nor approves the article which he has defended with such a labored and long drawn-out effort is so ridiculous a blunder that it ought to pass for one of the most celebrated of "Irish bulls." There are numerous references and insinuations scattered through his paper outside of Mr. Flynn's main article which quite clearly reflect the base and contemptible qualities of his mind and thought, but as they did not have even a remote bearing upon the subject matter of his complaint, I will pass them by, for they have already received the condemnation which they deserve in the minds of all fair minded readers. To add to his shameless proceeding, he seems to have been so elated over his literary effort that he wanted it read beyond the limited subscription list of the Independent, so he placarded the helpless shade trees along our streets with advertisements of his own idiosyncrasy, sent out free copies of his paper, and then went about telling what he had done and threatening what he would do. The only person he has thus far "done" is himself and he is entitled to the full credit of having "done" it well. Mr. Flynn is thus shown to have deliberately made an unprovoked,

(Continued on Another Page.)

SHAKE-UP

In Lexington Fire Department.

Many Resignations the First Result of Change in Board of Engineers—Some Vacancies Yet to Be Filled.

Wednesday night hose company No. 2 resigned in a body, and out of ten in the East Lexington company also resigned. Thursday night hose company was organized in East Lexington, and some of the vacancies in No. 2 have been filled, but there were some empty places left yesterday afternoon.

The East Lexington company is the centre of interest just now. Tuesday and Wednesday night out of ten of the men received letters from the secretary of the board of engineers, resigning them. The letters were dated April 30, 1902. They took the ground that as the board did not go into office till May 1st, the board could not take such action, or any other action, for that matter, and it is reported that B. J. Harrington, captain, had some conversation over the phone to this effect with Mr. Taylor. Knowing, however, that they would have to resign anyhow, they resigned voluntarily before midnight, April 30. They served up to exactly 12 o'clock midnight. They took all their personal property and also the property of the company, including the banner which the company has had for 53 years.

Mr. Taylor's attitude toward the fire department is well known, namely, that the department is too expensive and that the men and horses should be used in other departments for economical reasons. But that does not explain why men who have served the department long and well should be turned out now.

The members of the hook and ladder company, which is stationed in the center, have been notified to meet the new board of engineers next Monday night.

Mr. Taylor says that the members of this company also think they have grievances and that all probably new blood will be seen in this branch of the department.

KINNEEN-REARDON.

Margaret E. Reardon and Peter J. Kinneen were married Tuesday evening at half past seven in St. Bridget's Church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. P. J. Kavanagh and the wedding was in every way a very pretty one. George Harrington was best man, and the matron of honor was Mrs. Mary Murphy a sister of the bride. Bessie K. Buckley of Cambridge was the organist and played the Lohengrin wedding march for the processional, and the Mendelssohn for the recessional. Mr. John Mogan of Waltham, who conducted the Minstrel show so ably, sang "For all eternity" during the ceremony and "Ave Maria" after. The bride's gown was of white silk crepe with pearl and applique trimmings. She wore a veil caught up with lilies of the valley and carried a beautiful bouquet of bridal roses. The matron of honor, Mrs. Murphy, wore a gown of grey crepe de chene trimmed with applique, and a black picture hat. She carried pink roses.

Immediately after the ceremony a reception was given at the bride's home on Vine street. A wedding supper was served.

The bride's parents assisted in receiving the guests on the lawn. Mr. Talbot of Boston catered. A good time was enjoyed generally. There was singing by Messrs. Shemley, Bevins, Mogan, Welch, and Miss Mary McCarthy and Miss Minnie Collins and others.

There were several instrumentalists present including Miss Buckley. The present included a beautiful dinner set presented by Michael Manley, Daniel Collins, Joseph Ryan, Dennis Hinchey, a hat stand from the groom to the bride, a lamp, by J. Slaughter, and many others including silver, cutglass, bicycle etc.

The couple left for a short trip and will be at home after June 1 at 44 Irving street, West Somerville. The church was decorated artistically and effectively with potted plants and flowers by Father Kavanagh. Mr. and Mrs. Kinneen have been very active in the social life here and have always been leaders. They are both very popular and will be missed by a large number of friends.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Tuesday night meeting was addressed by Rev. G. W. Fuller on "The Transfiguration of Christ." Under the care and direction of the Ladies, Circle the chapel, parlor and vestibule are being renovated. Thursday the Juniors gave a May party to Miss Louise Angier, the oldest member of the church but one, leaving with her substantial remembrances. Thursday night the Junior choir met at the pastor's home for rehearsal and social hour.

To-morrow morning the pastor will speak on topic "The Christian as a Worker." Rev. L. W. Fuller will speak in the evening.

Friday evening the meeting took the form of a Thanksgiving service. Part of the meeting consisted of reports from the pastor the committees and departments of the church. This is to be a regular feature of this monthly service.

BIG CATCHES IN MAINE AND NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Judging from the reports which are daily reaching us, the fishing sport this season gives promise of surpassing that of previous years, both in size and quantity. At Belgrade lakes, Me., some large catches have been made, and also at Moosehead; while the lakes of New Hampshire are this year outdoing themselves, both in size and quantity.

The ice left Sunapee April 10th, and for the last two weeks landed salmon, weighing anywhere from four to ten pounds, have been landed. Numbers are daily leaving Sunapee with large catches of perch, pickerel, etc., and at Newfound lake the catches have topped everything. A 14-pound salmon was pulled from the lake on April 18, and in every case the fisherman who has visited this section has been amply repaid.

Lake Winnepesaukee, in New Hampshire, is also sending out her quota, and in the numerous brooks and streams trout fishing has just commenced to take on life.

For full information in regard to fishing in New England send two-cent stamp to the general passenger department, Boston & Maine railroad, Boston, for their illustrated book, "Fishing and Hunting."

Excursion tickets to all principal down-east fishing centres went on sale May 1.

LAST SESSION.

Series of Town Meetings Completed.

Finance Committee Continued to Next Year—Other Business and Appropriations Finished.

The last session of the town meeting took place Monday night. The remaining articles of the committee report were first taken up. The recommendations under Article 14 were accepted, and the following motions passed under this article:

Motion by A. E. Locke, that a full list of the town's tax-payers with amount of taxes paid, be printed in the Annual Report of the town for 1902.

Motion by A. E. Locke, that the amount of \$1018.18 now included in Contingent Account and representing proceeds of tax sales, be transferred to an account to be called "Tax Sale Account," said account to be held subject to the redemption of the property sold.

Motion by A. E. Locke, that the salary of the Tax collector for the year 1902 be fixed at \$800, that all legal fees obtained by the tax collector from sales of property sold for taxes be turned in to the town treasury after deducting all necessary expenses in connection with such sales.

Under Article 17, upon motion of A. E. Locke, voted that \$1000 be appropriated and assessed for the construction of sidewalks with concrete or other material, the abutters to pay one-half the expenses thereof.

Under Article 19, voted that the Highway surveyors be instructed to construct a drain from the Hayes fountain along Massachusetts Avenue to the junction of Waltham street with proper catch basins, and that \$800 be appropriated for the purpose.

Under Article 28, A. E. Locke's motion was passed, that the sum of \$5000 be appropriated for meeting the expense already incurred in connection with procuring an additional water supply and for the further prosecution of the work. That this \$5000 be raised on the notes of the town to be made payable \$1,000 annually for five years at a rate of interest not exceeding 3 and one-half per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, said notes to be at public or private sale by the selectmen, and that this appropriation be expended under the direction of the present committee on additional water supply.

Article 16, motion by A. E. Locke; Voted: that all taxes for the year 1902 be made payable December 1st, 1902, and that an allowance of one-half per cent for each full month be made for prior payment. That interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum be charged on all taxes paid after December 1st, 1902, and that the tax collectors be instructed to collect all taxes by June 1st, 1903.

Under Article 4, motion by A. E. Locke; Voted: that the town treasurer be instructed to turn into the contingent account unexpended balances now standing to the credit of the following accounts: shelves in Cary Library; births, deaths and marriages, surveying new boulevard.

Also moved by A. E. Locke; Voted: that interest accruing on the Cemetery trust funds be held hereafter by the town treasurer; the same to be paid out by him on the duly approved orders of a majority of the cemetery committee and that the balance now in the hands of the treasurer of the cemetery committee be turned over to the town treasurer.

Also under this article, upon motion by G. W. Taylor, it was voted that the finance committee as at present constituted with power to fill vacancies that may occur in its membership be continued for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon appropriations necessary for the town for the year 1903. Their report to be submitted in print at the annual meeting in March 1903.

Under Art. 4, was passed the resolution of Mr. Bayley, that it seems inadvisable for the town at present to undertake the general plan for abolishing the grade crossings from Woburn St. to Bedford St. both inclusive.

Under Article 25, upon A. A. Bayley's motion, voted, that the town accept as a part of Woburn St. a strip of land abutting on Woburn street, at land of Geo. A. Graham and the town line between Lexington and Woburn, when property is properly graded and deeded to the town.

Mr. Whiting's motion that the matter of Art. 25, be indefinitely postponed was carried. The meeting then adjourned.

Do You Know

How lots of good money GOES WRONG? Do you know how the gold-bribe man, the church deacon, the pipe-dreamer, gets hold of the hard-earned money of the widow or the orphan—YOUR GOOD INSURANCE MONEY, for example?

DO YOU KNOW that you can tie it up so that those who live after you, for whom you have worked, toiled, and schemed, can have an annual income of FIVE PER CENT on the original insurance as long as they live? Is this not a wise proposition? The Equitable Life have such a policy, and I have it for sale. Come in and let me show it to you.

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(Lexington.)

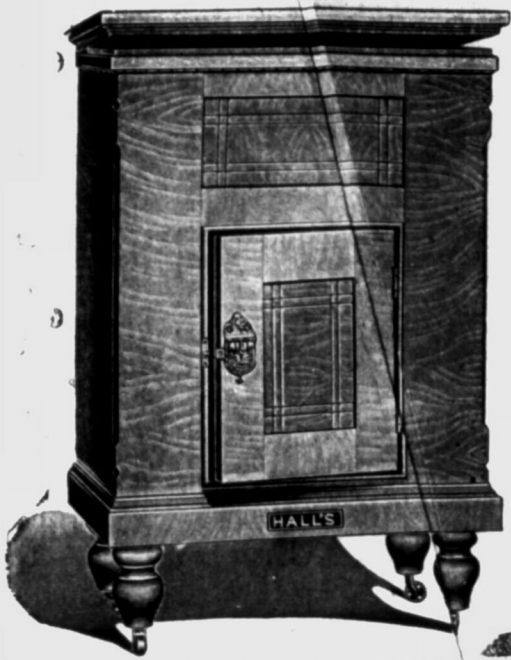
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Sole Cambridge Agents for HALL'S CUSTOM MADE (Charlestown, Mass.) REFRIGERATORS AND ICE CHESTS. (Sold for cash or easy payments.)

They furnish Four Rooms, including a Magee Range, for \$163.00. Also in cheaper quality of goods for \$125.00. Write or call for list of goods.



Three are many points of excellence in the interior construction of each Hall Refrigerator, brought out by extra careful making and just right fit. The inside walls are of one-inch lumber, air tight. The heavy zinc lining is one particular feature, and will, with care, last a lifetime. The slatestone shelves cost more and are a great feature. They cannot corrode, are easily cleaned, always cool, and almost unbreakable, owing to the tough quality of slate used. Cleanable, with flush bottoms, galvanized and corrugated wrought-iron ice racks, slatestone shelves, solid bronze locks and hinge plates of latest design. Beautifully embossed. These goods are very convenient, and designed to give the best of satisfaction. The Hall Refrigerators are thoroughly inspected before leaving the factory, thus insuring nothing but perfect goods placed before the public.

No.	Length	Width	Height with Casters
13	30 inches	21 inches	45 inches
14	33 "	22 "	47 "
15	36 1/2 "	23 "	49 "

Oak, Hardwood Refrigerator

Golden Oak Finished in Coach Varnish
Warranted Charcoal Felt Packed



No.	Length	Width	Height with Casters
16	34 inches	21 inches	45 inches
17	36 "	22 "	47 "
18	38 "	23 "	49 "
19	40 "	24 "	51 "

Oak Hardwood Refrigerator

Warranted Charcoal Felt Packed

Our Ninth Year for the Hall Refrigerator

Each year nearly doubling sales, with no complaints, is our record. This year many new styles and improvements. Send for Catalogue and Prices.



Soft Wood Finely Grained Ice Chest

Warranted Charcoal Felt Packed

Styles 1 to 9 inclusive	No.	Length	Width	Height with Casters
1	24 inches	18 inches	28 inches	
2	28 "	19 "	29 "	
3	32 "	20 "	30 "	
4	36 "	21 "	31 "	
5	40 "	22 "	32 "	
6	44 "	23 "	33 "	
7	48 "	24 "	34 "	
8	52 "	25 "	35 "	
9	56 "	26 "	37 "	



We sell a Reclining Go See our \$10.00 Baby Carriages.

Cart for \$6.75 including

a Good Parasol.

They are Beauties.

60 Varieties to select from.

Send for Catalogue.

The Heywood and Wakefield Carriages

are the best that are made. We think we sell more than any other two stores in Cambridge or Boston. If we don't, we ought to, as our prices are less. Compare them with other makes and see how much advanced in style and work. Sunshine is life and health to the babies—fresh air a tonic. We're selling twice as many Go-Carts and Baby Carriages as last season. Don't be stingy with the little one. You'll be all the more proud of him in one of these nice, comfortable outing conveyances.



This Oak Finish Rocker

\$1.75



This Solid Oak Morris Chair with reversible cushions, back adjustable to four different positions

\$5.00



Pretty Solid Oak Finish Table (like cut)

50 cents

DON'T WAIT FOR THE CASH

to get what you need, when you can come here and choose from the choicest assortment of merchandise to be found in the city—and pay in small weekly payments. Our prices are positively LESS than are charged by cash houses, and you have the privilege of taking advantage of our liberal terms of credit.

Open Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings

GREAT POSSIBILITIES.

George Howland Cox Tells of the Fine Future for Charles River Basin—Would Dam the Stream.

The following address is by George Howland Cox, chairman of the park commission, and has been delivered by him in varying forms but with the same substance before three well known and influential organizations. The Economy club, of Cambridge, first heard it. Then it was given before the Beacon society, of Boston, and recently before the Prospect union. By all who have heard it it is regarded as a valuable contribution to the literature on the question of the Charles river basin. Mr. Cox has been one of the leaders in the development of this quarter of the city and his remarks have special weight and importance. The address follows:

Charles river and its basin are among the most valuable assets which Boston and Cambridge possess. They are likewise valuable assets to the metropolitan district. The improvement and adornment of both river and basin should be undertaken at once, and carried to completion without delay. The expense incurred in this work should be shared by the metropolitan district, and not borne by Boston and Cambridge alone.

No parallel case in America has come under my observation where the best residential sections of two large cities have



GEORGE HOWLAND COX.

adjacent to both such an opportunity for a magnificent water park as have Boston and Cambridge, nor have we one where such a water park can so readily be adapted to the use and pleasure of a great metropolitan district. The river and its basin have by man been more abused than used. Two hundred and fifty years have failed to develop either into commercial importance, hence the subsequent aesthetic developments have not been made at the expense of its commerce. Very few industries have been located along the river, and its business has been chiefly confined to coal and lumber. For some years it has been quite apparent that the public at large would gain much more in proportion than the limited private interests would lose if the river and its shores passed into state and municipal control.

Fifty years ago Charles Davenport worked out a scheme of development in many respects similar to the one now under construction on the Cambridge shore. It received but slight encouragement at the time, so slight indeed that his suggestions passed out of remembrance and were not recalled until the work of the Cambridge park commission was begun.

Since 1894, however, the people have yearningly made appreciation of the value of the river, and now there is a strong and genuine public demand that it receive the treatment and attention which it deserves.

At no time since the development was begun have we had such valuable assistance toward pushing it to completion as was rendered by ex-Mayor Champin when he secured permission from the government to build the new Cambridge bridge without a draw. He undertook what seemed to be an impossibility and won his case. It is not unfair to say that to him alone belongs the credit for winning what should also add to him should be given the thanks of the whole community.

When the Electric Light company and H. O. Houghton, a year ago, sold to the city its wharves and rights, the entire Cambridge shore above Cambridge bridge passed under municipal control.

With but few exceptions, both shores of the river, for a distance of 17 miles from its mouth, are under public control, yet only the beginnings of its development are now in sight.

By chapter 475 of the acts of 1893 a joint board, consisting of the state board of health and the board of metropolitan park commissioners, was authorized to investigate the sanitary conditions and to prepare plans for the improvement of the beds, shores and waters of Charles river and the Charles river bridge and the Waltham line on Charles river. The report of the joint board was made to the legislature in April, 1894, and included in it was the recommendation for the construction of a dam at a point about 600 feet above Craigie's bridge, where the river is about 100 feet wide. Provisions were made for a lock capable of receiving the largest vessels then using the river.

The estimated cost of the dam was placed at \$600,000. The report recommended filling, to the north of the present wall in the rear of Beacon street, a strip 300 feet wide, a portion of which to be sold for house lots. By the construction of the dam, the water in the river and basin would be kept at a permanent level about two and one-half feet below ordinary high tide. A thorough investigation was made by experts, employed by the joint board, as to the effect of retaining the water at a permanent level, upon health and upon Boston harbor.

The report received enthusiastic support from many people, notwithstanding its recommendations were at the time considered as rather startling, but the recommendation to fill in land back of Beacon street and sell the same for house lots created a just storm of opposition from the residents of that street.

Under chapter 85 of the resolves of 1894, the board of harbor and land commissioners were directed to inquire into the construction of a dam and lock in the tidal basin of Charles river with special reference to tide water and its effect upon the harbor of Boston. In conformity with this resolve a series of hearings were held at the state house in Boston, and the united opposition of the residents of Beacon street was represented by paid counsel. Little evidence was offered that would show that the proposed dam would seriously affect Boston harbor, the remonstrants centering their efforts almost entirely upon the sanitary side of the question.

Resolutions, votes and orders favoring the dam were received from Cambridge Medical Improvement society, Massachusetts Association of Boards of Health, Citizens' Improvement Association of Ward 25, Garden City Improvement society, of Newton, Cambridge club, Citizens' Trade association, of Cambridge, Hunnewell Hill Improvement association, Young Men's assembly, of Watertown, city of Cambridge and city of Newton. The harbor and land commissioners rendered a Scotch verdict. They said in their report: "This board has given the highest degree of weight to the opinion of the state board of health, relying upon its great experience in dealing with the questions involved in this inquiry combined with its accumulated advantages and facilities in considering matters with

which it is entirely familiar and concerning which it has the traditions, history and data of a quarter of a century of investigation; and in the light of that opinion it is unable to say, in view of the irreconcilable testimony of experts given at the hearings, that the conclusion of the joint board may not justify the experiment so far as sanitary objections are concerned."

With the question of the damage to the harbor, they said: "This board is powerless to say, on the imperfect information it has, what effect a dam as proposed would have on shoaling in the upper harbor, we must, however, record the opinion that nobody knows what the effect would be; upon a careful consideration of the testimony presented, and of all the evidence within the knowledge of the board, we are unable to find the consequence of building the proposed dam as at all certain of being foreseen, and in view of the incalculable injury which might ensue from impairing the usefulness of the harbor, we are unable to report in favor of the recommendation contained in the report of the joint board."

The report of the harbor and land commissioners did not meet with popular approval, the people were getting their eyes opened to the value to be found in the basin and river; the results have been a constant and rapidly increasing demand that the question be reopened and heard by a commission who could be accused of prejudice either for or against.

In the fall of 1897, the Cambridge park board again agitated the question of a dam and selected as a proper site a point opposite St. Mary's street, Boston, and about 1000 feet below Brookline bridge. The whole matter was again gone over in the legislature, and under the acts of 1898, chapter 531, the metropolitan park commissioners were directed to build the dam provided the consent of the federal government could be obtained.

The reasons which governed the Cambridge park commissioners in making a fight to secure a dam at St. Mary's street were that it would serve as an additional bridge or causeway to Boston, and that it would be an object lesson to those residents of the Back Bay living below the dam. It would also serve another purpose, that of preventing salt water from going up the river and thereby injuring vegetation if later a dam should be constructed at some point lower down and for any reason it became necessary to flood the basin.

It was found by the boating men that the dam at St. Mary's street would ruin the four-mile course for rowing, and in the fall of 1900 the project for the dam were that it would serve as an additional bridge or causeway to Boston, and that it would be an object lesson to those residents of the Back Bay living below the dam.

This was done, and once again the question was threshed out and by chapter 105 of the resolves of 1901 the governor was authorized and requested to appoint a committee to investigate and report upon the feasibility and desirability of constructing and maintaining a dam across Charles river between Boston and Cambridge in the vicinity of the bridges known as Craigie bridge and West Boston bridge.

The expense of the committee shall be borne equally by the cities of Boston and Cambridge. If the committee concludes that the proposed dam is feasible and desirable, they shall recommend a plan for apportioning the expense of constructing and maintaining it between such cities and towns as will especially be benefited by it.

The governor appointed as commissioners Henry S. Pritchett, president of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Richard H. Dana, of Cambridge, and Col. Mansfield, of the army. Hearings have been held and the commissioners are now giving to the whole matter a serious, careful and thorough investigation. This is not the place to go into the details of an argument in favor of a dam. It is a proper place, however, to state a few facts pertinent to it. The distance from Cambridge bridge to Watertown dam is nine miles. Area of water surface at high water, 960 acres. Area of water surface at low water, 651 acres. Area of exposed flats, 300 acres. 179 acres of which are the Cottage Farm bridge. The area of marshes subject to flooding is about 420 acres. A dam will make these marshes easy to redeem with a consequent enormous saving in expense. I have taken these included within the Brighton-Allston section of Boston and figured their value if thus redeemed and occupied by modest houses only, at about \$8,000,000. Without the dam it will be many years before they can be built upon because they must first be filled and brought to a grade above extreme high tides. The expense of doing this is so great that private capital will not enter into such a doubtful venture. With a dam the marshes will drain themselves and will be almost immediately available for building purposes. With the water in the river kept at a permanent level the saving in the treatment of the shores will be very large, and there will be no expense for dredging, which must be done if the river is left open as a tidal basin. I have figured the saving at about \$1,000,000, which would be the cost of the sea wall, dredging, filling, etc. An important consideration in favor of maintaining the water at a permanent level is the possibility of this affording the use of the river as an avenue of travel. Electric launches and small river steamers would ply regularly between Boston and Watertown, stopping at convenient landings along both shores. Such boats would be largely patronized. Winter skating and ice boating would be close at hand and thus available for thousands of people who now have neither, because of the distance to suburban ponds. There are many instances of successful damming of European rivers, as instanced by the Elbe at Hamburg, the Thames above London, the Seine near Paris, and the Clyde near Glasgow. There are also instances of similar damming of American rivers; one of the most interesting examples is the Fairmount dam at Philadelphia, built 79 years ago. This dam crosses the Schuylkill at a point about eight miles above where the river enters the Delaware. At the dam the tide has an average rise and fall of 6 feet, 7 inches. The water of the Schuylkill, as well as that of the Delaware, is full of silt and the sewage from a large section of Philadelphia, together with the refuse from the gas works and many oil and sugar refineries, is daily poured into the river. Notwithstanding this fact, vessels can cross the Schuylkill at a point about eight miles above where the river enters the Delaware. At the dam the tide has an average rise and fall of 6 feet, 7 inches. The water of the Schuylkill, as well as that of the Delaware, is full of silt and the sewage from a large section of Philadelphia, together with the refuse from the gas works and many oil and sugar refineries, is daily poured into the river. Notwithstanding this fact, vessels can cross the Schuylkill at a point about eight miles above where the river enters the Delaware. 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AS OTHERS SEE IT.

Ideas Not Essentially Our Own.

FIGHTING THE BEEF TRUST.

If ever an organization deserved to have its business methods changed by the strong hand of the law, it is the beef trust, so-called. It makes war upon the common people, upon the poorest of them, without any reason except to fill its own coffers. The federal administration has moved promptly and vigorously in the matter, but we fear that the methods of the combination are such that they cannot be touched by the law. The beef magnates divide the territory, each taking a monopoly of a certain section, and the monopolist charges what he pleases. Such an agreement does not seem to be illegal, but perhaps it can be shown that some other phases of the arrangement are. Let us hope so, and let us be thankful that there is an administration at Washington that cares for the interests of the common people.

The seceders from the town of Foxboro are very happy in the choice of a name. If the new town is incorporated it will be called Summer, after the great Massachusetts senator. It should be an exceptional town to bear such a name.

Gen. Funston adds an insult to an injury when he explains that he meant to compliment Senator Hoar when he said he had a "superheated conscience." Flippancy and smartness toward Mr. Hoar are unpardonable in any man.

Gen. Funston furnishes another demonstration of the fact that a man may be a first class fighter without possessing any other of the qualities which command admiration, and being conspicuously defective in some.

This is for YOU!

If I have not been successful in making clothes for you, it is because I have had no chance to make any.

If I make them at all, I know they will please you.

I make them to your satisfaction.

Is not this the sort of proposition you are looking for?

Over 300 carefully selected, reliable, up-to-date Spring fabrics await your inspection.

And it's not a bit too soon to order your Spring "togs."

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Fine Tailoring at Moderate Prices.

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The Old Marlowe Wine Co.

Our AAA Very Old Whiskey... \$4 per Gal.
Our AA Old Whiskey... \$3 per Gal.
Our Medicinally Pure Malt Whiskey... \$4 per Gal.
Our 10 Year Old Wines (all kinds)... \$2 per Gal.
Our Cocktails (all kinds)... 75c. full qt.

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256 FRIEND STREET,
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Riding Academy,

PROF. A. EUGENE GNANG, Prop.,

29 Whittier St., Roxbury District.

Near Tremont St.

Posts have been removed from Ring, electric lights installed, and building entirely remodelled.

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Trimount Club Whiskey

HAS A REPUTATION SECOND TO NONE.

4 full quarts for \$3.00

Express Paid.

Sole agent for two of the oldest distilleries in Kentucky and Maryland.

JOHN F. McNAMEE
25-27 Cambridge St., Boston.

GREAT POSSIBILITIES.

(Continued from Another Page)

It was stated that there was "some dredging done to deepen channel but none to remove deposits."

That the Schuylkill dam at Philadelphia, built 75 years ago, has produced no untoward effects is evidenced by the statement of the director of the department of public works of Philadelphia, in a letter to the commissioners, dated October 5, 1894, in which he says: "The tide in the Schuylkill goes up to the Fairmount dam. I am not aware of any detrimental effect to health on account of the dam, and by the following letter, dated Nov. 13, 1894, received from the board of health of Philadelphia: "In reply to your question, whether the damming of the Schuylkill river has resulted unfavorably to the sanitary condition of your city, I would reply that it has not."

It may be unnecessary to speak here of the work done by Cambridge in developing its own shore, you are perhaps all familiar with it. Nearly one and a half millions have been expended and in my opinion it has been a good municipal investment. Within the past two years \$300,000 has been put into buildings along the Esplanade, just above Harvard bridge. This is only a beginning. It does not require a gifted prophet to predict with some certainty that the territory between the Grand Junction railroad and the river will within a few years produce sufficient taxable property to bring that city in taxes much more than enough to pay the interest and sinking fund on its entire debt.

A dam is necessary, however, to get full value from the river for both Boston and Cambridge; then the basin will become a direct result of the dam. The best of the best buildings of the two cities. Such is the case in Hamburg where the Alster basin is in shape and area very similar to our basin.

When urban rivers are bordered by parks and boulevards, hotels, large apartment houses and handsome buildings are located upon them. The well known Victoria embankment in London is a pertinent illustration of this, similar to the Seine at Paris, the Arno at Florence and Pisa; the Tiber at Rome, and the Seine at Paris has created like results. Charles river basin offers to the people a better opportunity for adornment and beauty than either of those just quoted, perhaps greater than the Alster.

Do you realize the large amount of work done along the Charles river during the past ten years?

1. Removal of sewer.
2. Placing shores under public control.
3. Filling 14,306,580 square feet of 32.43 acres of flats and marshes in the Cambridge side, formerly covered with water twice a day.
4. Building sea wall and laying out Esplanade on Cambridge shore of the basin.
5. Creation of bathing beach and park at Captain's Island, Cambridge.
6. Building parkway, Boylston street, Cambridge, to Ferry landing.
7. Filling or draining all the marshes of Cambridge.
8. Replacing nearly a mile of filthy mud bank by clean gravel beaches.
9. Building 800 feet of dyke, roadway and gravel beach and draining the Longfellow marshes on the Boston side of the river.
10. Dredging large areas of flats.

It is a direct result from this work the widening of North Harvard street and Boylston street opposite, the construction of the Speedway and the parkway on the Longfellow meadows, the erection of the new houses, the enormous increase in boating. To this may be added the large increase in land value along the river, and the general beneficial effect upon real estate in Boston and Cambridge.

Charles River road in Cambridge will ultimately become the link in the Metropolitan park drive connecting the Fens and the Fells. It will be the pleasure drive of the metropolis, and its value as a link will be tremendously increased. If the water in the basin and the river is kept at a permanent level. It is directly for the interest of Boston, Cambridge, Newton and Watertown to work for the dam. It is directly for the interest of the Metropolitan district to aid Boston and Cambridge in their efforts to secure it. The basin and river can be made the great water park of the Metropolitan district, and the centre of all forms of out-of-door athletics.

It has been suggested that the basin would be of great value to the United States navy if the dam should be built. It is necessary that vessels when in commission, be laid up in fresh water. There are very few places along our whole coast which are suitable for the purpose. Commodore Melville, engineer-in-chief, and Commodore Nicholson, constructor of the navy, have put themselves on record as saying that such a fresh water basin as proposed in the Charles would be of great benefit to the navy. Close proximity to the Charles, one yard adds materially to its value as a storage basin. Since the construction of the Charlestown bridge its use would be limited to only such vessels as can pass through the draw of that bridge.

Tidal scour has been a glibly quoted term, but there is really little reliable information as to the value of the river for that purpose. Whether it be of value or not, the whole question can easily be settled by use of state credit and the dredge. The annual expense of taking out any deposits above or below the dam would be small, much less than the interest on the cost of work which must be done if the river is left as a tidal stream.

I believe that the proper location for the dam is at Craigie bridge, that it should be a part of the bridge, and that the bridge which must take the place of the existing one before many years have passed.

It must not be forgotten, however, that Cambridge has large commercial interests on Broad canal which should be protected, and no dam should be built until these interests are fully considered and provided for. These interests can be protected.

I believe the whole proposition to be perfectly feasible and one that can be carried to satisfactory completion at a not unreasonable expense, but whatever the expense may be, the results which will be obtained amply justify the undertaking.

The Charles is no longer a commercial river. It is not an interstate river; therefore, I believe that it would be a wise and proper procedure to petition congress that the river be placed entirely under the control of the state of Massachusetts. If it should be deemed desirable later a conservancy could be created which would have the direct care of the river and all its interests, responsible directly to the state.

It may be of interest to describe the construction and operation of collapsible dams which have been suggested as the proper dam for the Charles. Collapsible or movable dams in general use may be classified as follows: Wicket or shutter dams, needle dams, panel dams, curtain dams, sluice dams. The last named is not strictly a collapsible form of dam, and may be classified as "semi-movable," in some of its forms.

The wicket or shutter dam is the oldest form of collapsible dam. In its original form, the "bear-trap" dam, it was used on the Lehigh river in 1818. It is now extensively used both abroad and in the United States. It is the type of dam most used on the Ohio, Monongahela, Kenawha, and other western rivers, where the water is shallow and the current is rapid. The wicket dam is made by the use of a dam consists of a number of shutters or wickets held up in a nearly vertical position by struts. These struts are on the lower or downstream side of the dam, and hold the wickets up against the pressure of the water. In its primitive form it might be illustrated by putting a row of books across a room, edge to edge, the books being slightly inclined from the vertical, and each one held in place by a small stick with its upper end resting on the carpet and the lower end holding the book, each book and its stick forming a letter or inverted T. If someone were to walk over the books, the books would all fall down on the floor, the same as the dam when not in use falls flat up on the bottom of the river. There are

You Can Lead a Horse

to water but you can't make him drink.

You can't make him eat either. You can stuff food into a thin man's stomach but that doesn't make him use it.

Scott's Emulsion can make him use it. How? By making him hungry, of course. Scott's Emulsion makes a thin body hungry all over. Thought a thin body was naturally hungry didn't you? Well it isn't. A thin body is asleep—not working—gone on a strike. It doesn't try to use its food.

Scott's Emulsion wakes it up—puts it to work again making new flesh. That's the way to get fat.

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Various methods of tripping the struts, and of raising the dam into position, wicket after wicket.

The needle type of dam consists of a number of narrow planks laid closely side by side on the up-stream side of a framework. These planks or "needles," as they are called, are set at slight inclination from the vertical, their lower ends being carried on the masonry base of the dam and their upper ends rest against the framework, being held in place by the pressure of the water. The framework forms a foot-bridge which is used for the purpose of handling the needles. This type can be used where a higher dam is necessary than can well be constructed by the wicket or bear-trap construction. The foot-bridge may be either a permanent or a collapsible structure. Nearly all the dams on the Thames are, in whole or part, needle dams with fixed foot-bridges. A number of the dams on the Seine are of the same type, and a few needles are removed, say one in every ten. As the water tends to rise still more, other needles are removed until in heavy floods the dam may be entirely stripped up and the bridge raised down on the bed of the stream. There are probably more dams of this type used for river improvement than any other single type.

Panel dams differ from the needle dams in using strong board panels in place of narrow planks. These panels vary in size at various places, those at the dam across the Seine at Suresnes, just below Paris, being 12 feet wide and 10 feet 2 inches high. These panels are laid loosely in place against the up-stream side of the framework of the bridge, and are held in place by the pressure of the water against them. There will thus be row of panels side by side along the bottom of the dam, then a row on top of this, and still other rows until the dam is built of the required height. The panels are generally handled by hoists and chains, worked by a hand winch which is moved along a track laid on top of the bridge. To accommodate a rising river, the upper row of panels is first removed, then the next lower row, so on, removing as many panels as may be necessary. This type of dam is very much used in France and Russia. It has the advantage over the needle dam that there are fewer joints where leakage can take place.

Curtain dams are similar to panel dams except that a curtain is used in place of the panels. The curtain is formed of wood strips fastened to a heavy framework of panels side by side, the roll top of a desk, but very much stronger. Each section of curtain is about three or four feet wide and long enough to extend from bottom to top of dam. There is a row of panels side by side on the bottom of the curtain, and to remove a curtain it is rolled up on this by means of two chains worked by a winch on the bridge, the curtain opening up the dam at the bottom first, as the curtain is rolled up, the panels are raised at Port Villex is of this type, with curtains 3 feet 7 inches wide and 18 feet high, each curtain weighing about two tons. The bridge of this dam is collapsible. The Richmond dam is of the same type. There are curtain dams, but the bridges are heavy, permanent structures. The frames which carry the curtains are hung from the bridge floor, and in time of flood can be lifted up out of the water, leaving a clear passage between the bridge piers.

Sluice dams consist of one or more sliding sluices or gates, working between masonry piers. When of large size they are carefully counterbalanced and provided with rollers for ease of working. They are generally operated by hand winches on a permanent bridge above them. They are slightly opened, or are entirely closed, by water according to the state of the river. As a permanent masonry structure is a necessary part of the dam, it is not strictly a "collapsible" type. The dam across the Thames at Richmond, built in 1841, has three sluices of 90 feet span. In the river Weaver is a dam having ten openings of 30 feet span. One of the dams across the Nile has 61 sluices of 16½ feet span. The Richmond dam is of peculiar construction, in that the sluices or gates when raised out of the water are turned over on their side and tucked away out of sight below the floor of the dam. The sluices are raised and lowered by a system of levers located at a point in the river where there are many fine residences. This dam is peculiar in another respect, viz.: The sluices gates are only deep enough to come about 5 feet from the river bed, while the tide rises about 11 feet. The object is to always keep the water above the dam at half tide level, except when the tide comes in and raises the level higher yet. This was the result of a compromise made by the people who wanted a dam and those who opposed it. The result of the dam is that there is now a clamor for another dam still further down the river, where the residents want to have the river improved as it has been above the Richmond dam.

Sluices, large or small, are frequently used in connection with other types of movable dams, or as a means of regulating the water level when fixed dams are used. It frequently happens that a long dam has to be used on account of the width of the river bed, whereas a very small sluice will suffice to take care of the flow of the river.

ADAPTABILITY TO CHARLES RIVER.

Neither the wicket, needle, panel nor curtain dam as ordinarily constructed is adaptable to the proposed Charles river basin. For obvious reasons it is proposed to keep the level of the water in the basin below high tide level. The above mentioned dams are constructed so as to oppose the pressure of the water in one direction only. If they were to be used in the Charles river with the water in the basin at the proposed level as soon as the tide rose above that level

the pressure on the dam would be removed, and the dam would no longer hold water but would allow the tide to flow freely into the basin. The needle dam could, however, be easily modified to meet the conditions.

The needle dam is perfectly adaptable to the needs of the Charles river, as the sluices can readily be made to withstand pressure in both directions. But for a dam built in the neighborhood of Craigie bridge, the sluices need not be anywhere near as wide as the basin, but need only be of sufficient size to take care of the greatest flood discharged into the river. Besides Stony brook, there are a number of smaller rivers which drain some of the storm water discharged into the river, but the greater part of the surface water is taken care of by the Metropolitan sewers. Practically, therefore, the sluices need be but little larger than the double bottom of the water which flows over Watertown dam in flood tide. This area can be readily calculated from the known flood discharge of the river, but an approximate idea of their size can be formed when it is considered that they need be no larger than the smallest cross section of the river below Watertown dam, plus the areas of streams which enter the river below that point. As there are some very narrow places in the river, it will readily be seen that sluices would not have to be very large.

The dam at Richmond on the Thames is built on a narrow part of the river, and the double bottom of the roller-way at the other, and the bridge piers, there remains only 138 feet clear width of sluices. But this easily takes care of the flow of the river, which has a maximum discharge of 521,000 cubic feet. The drainage area of the Charles is only 314 square miles, or about 6 per cent of the size of the Thames watershed. This will still further give an idea of the size of the sluice gates needed for the Charles.

At Hamburg the width of the Alster basin at the dam is about 1300 feet, but the outlet of the basin is confined to a small canal, a third of the width of which is occupied by a lock, thus leaving a still smaller width of sluice gates, but this is sufficient to take care of the flood discharge. Below what was originally the dam proper the old river bed has been filled and the street is a broad promenade shaded by a double row of trees. A massive stone bridge, of ornamental design, the whole width of the street and promenade, crosses the outlet canal, the lock and sluices being located on the other side of the street. The "dam" is now a beautiful broad street, lined on the land side by the finest retail stores in Hamburg, alternating with the best hotels. Along the water side the street is a broad promenade shaded by a double row of trees. 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THE ENTERPRISE.

Telephone, Arlington 361-2.

(Entered as Second-Class Matter.)

Saturday, May 3, 1902.

THE ENTERPRISE IS FOR SALE IN LEXINGTON BY:

V. Smith, Lexington.
A. Austin, P. O., East Lexington.
L. Burrill, P. O., North Lexington.

WHERE TO SUMMER?

Where to summer? is a question that annually suggests itself to many residents of the City and its suburbs. It has now become a law of economics as well as a law of necessity that we all take a breathing spell, and hie away to the country during some portion of the summer, if possible. To keep constantly at our work results in a loss both of power and of interest. It is unfortunate that matters cannot be so arranged that everyone might have a vacation. Home life and its work frequently become a drudge because the good housewife is compelled to keep so unrelentingly at her household duties. It is true that the most of us now and then get a day off, and while this is better than nothing, it is not enough. The vacation means a sufficient length of time for one to recover himself, so that he may start out anew. We all need occasionally to get away so far from our ordinary duties that for the time being we may quite forget them. To get away from old scenes is not unfrequently a substantial relief. The greeting of strange voices gives a pleasing variety to one's everyday life. To be placed amidst new surroundings, and within ready vision of new scenes, is in effect to experience a new creation. It is this everlasting monotony that kills one outright. To do the same thing over and over again day after day without even an occasional let-up, is enough to exhaust the patience of a saint. God never intended that man should be forever at his work for other-wise he would never have taken a vacation himself. We read that "He rested from his labors on the seventh day." But where go to spend the vacation? Boston and her suburbs are so fortunately surrounded that one may take his choice of summer resorts. The shore is within easy reach, so that one may readily put himself in touch with the everlasting waters. There is something so restful about the sea with its ceaseless ebb and flow of the great waters! And then there are the mountains always inviting and responsive. We give the preference to the mountains—they are so companionable in their majestic presence. And there are too many attractive localities in the country midway between the sea and the mountains, where one may with advantage and pleasure put in his summer. Summer resorts are not wanting of which you may have your choice, so go somewhere during the coming summer if only for a week, that you may bring to you work and a new life.

"Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer" not "by this sun of York," but by this sun of the glad May time. What a marvelous resurrection of all things in Nature, is now taking place! The bud, and the leaf and the flower are loving evidences of a new life everywhere to be seen in this latitude. He is to be pitied who does not at this season of the year find himself in full accord with this new creation.

North Lexington.

Mrs. Durkee's little daughter was taken last week with measles.
Mrs. Burrill has received a letter from her son, Charles H. Burrill, who has been in China this winter. He is now at the Vicksburg, probably he is assigned to the Chinese squadron, and that he doesn't want to see the Philippines again.
Paul Revere park is still undergoing improvements. It is reported that an open air theatre is to be built there.

East Lexington.

The Friday club has decided on the Quaker village as the place for its outing this year. The day chosen is the first Wednesday in June.
The town assessors made their appearance on schedule time.
The parish supper of the Follen church took place Tuesday evening. After the supper, Rev. Mr. Walkley gave an address.
The graduating class of the Adams school is making preparations for graduation. This year, the exercises will be separate from those of the Hancock school.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Sunday school held its regular business meeting Monday evening.
Tuesday afternoon Miss Helen MacDonnell's Bible class and other ladies met at the home of Mrs. Downing, of Massachusetts avenue, for prayer and Bible study.
The Y. P. S. C. E. will meet tomorrow at 6 p.m. Topic, "Prayer a Necessity." Matt. 26:46. Leader, Miss Cora Thompson.
Last Sunday there was a union meeting of the Junior and senior C. E. at 5.30. Mrs. S. E. Dickie led. The meeting was very interesting, the juniors singing two of their beautiful songs. The subject was "The Call of Samuel."

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

Sunday services at St. John's church: Holy communion, baptism and sermon, 10.30 a.m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7.30. The rector, Rev. James Yeames, will preach at each service.
The Rt. Rev. William Lawrence, bishop of Massachusetts, will make his visitation to St. John's parish, and administer the rite of confirmation on Sunday evening, May 11.
On Wednesday, Thursday, May 8, there will be a celebration of the holy communion at St. John's church at ten o'clock in the morning.

A PAT FOR PATRICK.

(Continued from Another Page.)

though unsuccessful, attempt to injure and abuse me, who, as he admits, had been his friend and who had always rendered him whatever assistance he asked for, and yet, I would not judge him too harshly, for I believe he possesses some excellent traits, though they may be frequently hidden by the unreasonable and unreasoning outbursts of his lower and stronger nature. His apparently earnest desire to improve himself, which led him, after reaching mature life, to quit his business of a stone mason and secure somewhat of an education, might be highly commended and encouraged, but if his transformation from his former occupation to an editor is to be shown wholly or principally by throwing stones with mud instead of laying them with mortar, the permanent value of his transformation, either to himself or others, will be extremely doubtful. He will do well to bear in mind that even commendable efforts towards self-improvement amid limited advantages can furnish but little excuse for such outbursts as his, and that he does not deserve to escape the just rebuke which such actions always merit, for he knew the true course, and yet, deliberately chose to take the false one before the public. The Independent and its editor may be destined to grow and prosper, but if so, it must be on entirely different lines from those already adopted in its columns; to continue such a course would be simply suicidal, for the town already has two well conducted papers which have the full confidence and support of the community whose editors would not stoop to mislead or deceive their readers, and Mr. Flynn will learn that both subscribers and advertisers will soon decline to support a paper whose editor finds it necessary to make a fool of himself in order to sell his literary (?) productions, and when this state of affairs is reached, and it may come suddenly in fact, it is already overdue, it will require no prophet to foretell the humiliating result, for the Independent will be obliged to vacate its spacious quarters in the Hunt Building and seek others more in keeping with its constantly dwindling sphere of influence, until, perchance, it retires to the familiar scenes of its birth, even to the kitchen of its editor, there to complete the ruin of his hopes and ambitions.

And now, Mr. Editor, having covered what I desired to say, I shall not intrude further upon your courtesy unless Mr. Flynn's future rantings threaten to injure some one besides himself and render some further rebuke necessary.

Yours very truly,

EDWIN A. BAYLEY

OBITUARY

Mrs. Martha A. Teale died at her home 742 Mass. Ave., on Tuesday morning at the age of eighty-three years and four months. Mrs. Teale was stricken with paralysis a week ago, and lay unconscious during her illness. The deceased was born in Scituate in 1819. She married the late Thomas Russell Teale some forty years ago in Abington, since which time she has had her home in Arlington. Mrs. Teale united with the Pleasant street Congregational Church in 1864, under the ministry of Rev. Daniel R. Cady. Her going out and up was simply to fall asleep as peacefully as does the child. She leaves three sisters. The funeral was held at the late home Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M., the Rev. Mr. Bushnell officiating. Interment in Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

LEXINGTON LOCALS.

C. D. Fuller, representing the New England Chocolate Company, is at home this week, making short trips around Boston. The operation upon Mrs. Goddard's eyes has been very successful.

Frederick E. Godard has secured a good position.
The house of Mrs. C. E. Smith, on Oak-street, was struck by lightning Wednesday night. The lightning struck the bolt, which caused some damage inside and frightened the inmates thoroughly. The lightning went down the pipe into Miss Lily Smith's chamber, where the plate badly and went out through the water pipes. Rain prevented fire.

The Byam estate on Parker street has been sold to J. O. Richards.
Martin E. Conry and Margaret Lyons were married Monday morning, after the eight o'clock mass in St. Bridget's. Father Kavanagh performed the ceremony.
John W. Cosgrove, who left town a week ago last Friday is staying at Concord with Mrs. Kane, with whom he used to board some three or four years ago.
Mr. Garrison, of Pelham road, has been confined to the house for several days this week on account of illness.

The members of the Monday club and art class were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Sherburne, last Monday. Mr. Sherburne exhibited to them his large and choice collection of paintings. The occasion was much enjoyed by all.
F. J. McCarthy, formerly of the Keeley Institute, has opened a bar in Woburn. Earle Hadley is still improving.
Mr. and Mrs. Davis have been receiving congratulations on the birth of a son.
Mr. Chisholm's new house is nearly ready for occupants.

On Monday Archie Wilson moved into N. F. Sim's house, on the hill. They moved out on Wednesday on account of probable sale of the house.
Tuesday evening the annual parish supper was held in Emerson hall. Rev. Mr. Walkley and Rev. L. D. Cochrane were the speakers.

Rev. L. D. Cochrane preached in Follen church, Sunday morning, from Luke 17:21: "Our Opportunities." In the evening Rev. L. D. Cochrane preached from John 17:13: "Eternal Life."
Rev. T. C. Easton, preached for the Baptists in Village hall, Sunday evening; text, "How shall we escape if we neglect so great a salvation." The magnitude of the salvation of Jesus. There was a clarinet and piano duo by John Wright and his daughter, Pearl.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.

A union meeting with the Hancock Congregational church was held Sunday evening. John R. Anderson, assistant manager of the Floating hospital, gave an interesting account of its history and purpose. Its purpose is to take out sick children of the poor who would be apt to die unless given attention and care. Nurses and physicians give them both of these, and the children are supplied with good food. The address was well liked. The quartet sang and Mrs. Herbert Wellington very kindly assisted in the position in which she has served so long.

HANCOCK CHURCH.

Communion service will be held tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock. The service will be omitted.
The last thimble party was held yesterday. It was a mother's meeting and was addressed by Mrs. Tead, of Boston.



SCENE FROM "ARE YOU A MASON?"

THEATRES.

TREMONT THEATRE.

Frank Daniels' return engagement at the Tremont theatre, of which next week is the last—has proved even more successful than the October visit to the same house, and Barnet's delightful operatic comedy has renewed all its former popularity. At the time of Mr. Daniels' first Boston presentation of "Miss Simplicity" it was generally agreed that he had never before been equipped with a part that fitted his uniquely unctuous personality so snugly as does that of the valet crowned king in spite of himself. From the moment that he is blown upon the stage from the wrecked auto until he makes his last comical bow in the finale, he is supremely funny. Since he was in Boston several changes and improvements have been made in the piece, three new songs have been added and Manager LaShelle has equipped the piece with an entire new outfit of scenery and costumes. The cast is practically the same as that seen here before, and the chorus sustains its reputation as one of the most alluring galaxies of young women ever gathered on a Boston stage. On May 12 the celebrated French Opera company from New Orleans will begin an engagement of a single week at the Tremont. This organization includes above 100 people, with a big corps of ballet, and it will present on Monday night "La Mascotte"; on Tuesday night and on Saturday afternoon, "La Fille de Mme. Angot"; on Wednesday afternoon and Friday night, "La Belle Helene"; on Wednesday night, "Les Mousquetaires au Couvent"; on Thursday night, "La Grande Duchesse"; and on Saturday night, "Les de Cornetville," or "Boccaccio."

COLUMBIA THEATRE.

"The Girl from Paris," with its host of merry dancers and singers, its great cast of comedians, bright lines, tune, and the superb production by Manager Chamberlyn promises to be one of the record-breakers at the Columbia, and make another season of its old-time popularity. This merry melodic satire has scored an immense hit with Boston lovers of musical comedy, and the performances have attracted large audiences ever since the opening night. The gay Bohemian atmosphere of the Columbia is constant from the brilliant chorus of beautiful artists to the finale, "The Girl from Paris" has justly earned the catchy title of "carnival of mirth and melody." Alexander Clark, with his songs and vocal comedies, has been seen to better advantage. Frank Smithson as the gruff old "atazor" has made an immense hit. Mamie Gilroy is displaying the most brilliant and artistic work of her stage career. Clara Lawrence, Mignonette Kokin, direct and laudable eccentricity. Frank H. White and Lew Simmons, in their funny black-face specialty, "Get in the Band Wagon," a typical old-time minstrel bit. Gallagher and Barrett, Irish direct comedians, in new sketch: Clayton Kennedy and Mattie Rooney, in piano pyrotechnics and original step dancing, and the Two Little Pucks, clever juvenile entertainers.

BOSTON MUSICAL HALL: VAUDE-

Heading the list next week are Staley and Birbeck. The curtain rises on a typical blacksmith shop: dirt and grim cover the entire surroundings; the blackness of an ordinary smithy fill the place; working away are the smith and his assistant, as unkempt in appearance as their surroundings. The note of a whistle, sounded by the blacksmith, is followed by almost instantaneously by a dazzling flood of light, but where stood the smithy a moment before, there now is seen a brilliantly lighted parlor, with beautiful fittings, in which a woman attired in the height of fashion and a man in evening dress, who plays on a piano. Another transformation of the same startling nature takes place and once more there is seen the blacksmith shop, but this time accompanied by chorus and other effective features. Also there will be James J. Morton, the original and up-to-date monologist; La Petite Adelaide, diminutive and dainty; and two women, who perform on many kinds of instruments; the Three Millettes, in an original acrobatic act; Drawee, a clever Hindoo act; Bowman and his troupe, in a comedy sketch entitled "The Door"; Pierce and Mazie, in illustrated songs; John Dempsey, tramp comedian; Kinsners, a highly capable equilibrist, and the vitagraph.

LARGE FURNITURE HOUSE.

Not all Arlington boys who started in business beyond the confines of their native town have succeeded in life. Some have made failures, some have never attempted much. Not so, however, in the case of Charles L. Phillips and Lewis H. Phillips, who were the sons of the late George S. Phillips. But a few years ago they were school boys in Arlington. Now they are the leading furniture merchants in Cambridge. The firm name is Phillips and is prominently displayed near the Brookline street transfer station in Cambridge. The two men received their early education in Arlington at the Cutter school, and for some years lived on Massachusetts avenue near Brattle street.

BOSTON MUSEUM.

At the Boston museum, Monday night, "Are You a Mason?" started on the third week of its stay in Boston, having passed the half-way limit of the run here, since the engagement cannot be extended beyond this next week. The hit which it has scored has been unquestioned for all who have seen it. The comedy has been supplemented by the clever situations and its capable comedians. One does not need to be a Mason to get the best enjoyment of the work, since the plot and the absurdities are of a nature which appeal to all. Every man likes to see another man caught in the maze of perplexities that attend the two husbands who pretend to be Masons, when they are nothing of the sort, and have no end of trouble as a result, and the women thoroughly enjoy it. We bet the husband who explains "I've only been to the lodge" after this. The capital selection of players by Rich & Harris has appealed to all, and every character has its exposure. The comedy is a masterpiece of dramatic impersonation of the pseudo daughter, John C. Rice's bravado as the young Ananias, Thomas A. Wise's bluff good

nature, George Richards' expressive face, Esther Pittell's notable beauty, Gertrude Whitty's eccentric comedy, Sally Cohen's lively ways—all these go to make up with "Are You a Mason?" the most complete and successful comedy that has been known upon the Boston Museum stage in many seasons.

CASTLE SQUARE THEATRE.

The play announced at the Castle Square theatre the coming week is sure to prove a strong attraction to the patrons of this popular playhouse, as De-Mille and Belasco's "Lord Chumley" is to be given by the stock company. This clever comedy, written expressly for E. H. Sothern, was first produced at the Lyceum theatre, in New York, in 1888, and it proved to be one of the notable successes of that season. The character of Lord Chumley—known to his intimates as Lord Chumley—presents a combination of traits which makes a most interesting central figure in the action of the play. The serious part of the story deals with the nobleman's successful attempt to save his friend, and his friend's sister, from the clutches of a blackmailing and ruffian, and many strong scenes and situations attend the development of the plot. Following "Lord Chumley," for the week beginning Monday, May 5, comes a production of "Ingomar." The usual distribution of boxes of chocolate bon-bons will be made at the Monday matinee.

KEITH'S THEATRE.

There have been some remarkably strong shows given at Keith's during the winter months, so that the announcement presented many of which will quite naturally attract the attention and pique the curiosity of amusement seekers. During the months of June, July and August several extraordinary attractions will be presented, many of which will be original novelties introduced by the house management, and already the scene painters, stage carpenters, costumers and others are busily at work. A number of European artists, who have been brought to the theatre, and will be introduced from time to time. For the week beginning May 5 the following entertainers are booked to appear: Hugh Stanton and Miss Nodena, in the act of a woman; a group of high class songs and ballads, two of which have not been publicly rendered before; Jeanan Bedini, the noted European juggler, and his indescribably funny assistant, Arthur Mignonne; Kokin, direct and laudable eccentricity. Frank H. White and Lew Simmons, in their funny black-face specialty, "Get in the Band Wagon," a typical old-time minstrel bit. Gallagher and Barrett, Irish direct comedians, in new sketch: Clayton Kennedy and Mattie Rooney, in piano pyrotechnics and original step dancing, and the Two Little Pucks, clever juvenile entertainers.

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WAVERLEY CAFE.

H. D. ROGERS, Prop.

Lunches to Order—Hot Coffee and Chocolate—Choice Confectionery—Cigars and Tobacco—Ferguson's Bread and Pastry—Boston Elevated Railway Waiting Room.

WE ALSO SELL THE BELMONT ENTERPRISE.

Waverley Market Re-opened

in Post office Block, under the management of its original proprietor, Walter S. Gay. A large and complete line of Groceries and Provisions. BOSTON GOODS, BOSTON PRICES.

BELMONT AND WAVERLEY.

(Continued from Another Column.)

Oaks for popularity.

The Y. P. S. C. E. meeting, last Saturday evening, was led by F. E. Sherman. A large number were present. There was a consecration service.

Rev. Mr. Reynolds, of Cambridge, spoke at the service of the Waverley Baptist society in Waverley hall, last Sunday evening.

A new house is being erected on the southerly side of Chandler street.

C. S. Scott, our local real estate agent, and whose advertisement appears in another column, has been appointed local agent for the sale of the lands at Trap-trap Heights park, Waverley.

Miss Marion Bates has been singing at a number of social events in our vicinity during the past musical season. One of her recent successes was at a recital at Ives College.

The Waverley Congregational church, last Sunday morning, the church quartet, mixed voices, sang "The Good Shepherd," Nevin, and "Thine Forever," Lullbach. In the evening the male quartet sang "The Song of the Soldier" and "Far Away." The pastor preached from the text, "Thy face Lord will I seek."

The Waverley Stars defeated the Waverley Parks at baseball by a score of 17 to 4 at Plaisance's field, last Saturday.

Daniel Shaughnessy and Wm. Robertson were the battery for the Stars.

The Young People's Religious union will hold a meeting at 6.30 tomorrow evening in the Unitarian church to which all are invited. The service will be led by Miss Maud H. Roscoe. The subjects at the Sunday morning talks throughout the winter have been the life and work of several of the different leaders of the top-tarian in the past. Tomorrow evening the topic will be the "Life and Work of Dr. Edward Everett Hale," and will be introduced by F. Alex. Chandler.

Belmont high school graduates should notice the alumni association appeal in the Belmont column.

Tomorrow evening at 7.15, Mrs. G. W. Peckham, recently vice president of the Woman's Baptist Board of Home Missions, will give an address at the Congregational church. Mrs. Peckham is an intensely interesting speaker and is always sure of large audiences wherever she speaks. The church male quartet recently organized will sing.

Charles McCarthy's house is being shingled.

ARLINGTON LOCALS.

Wednesday evening, just as Mrs. Henry A. Perham was making ready for sleep, some burglars attempted to enter her sitting room by prying open the window in the new building. Mrs. Perham telephoned her husband at his drug store, and beside she shouted for help. The burglar becoming frightened, made good his escape so that when Mrs. Perham arrived at his home in Arlington, the burglar had fled.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Fowler, 430 Massachusetts avenue, have their little granddaughter, Elsie Fowler, of Washington, D. C., with them for the summer.

E. M. Baker, the glazier, who put in the stained windows at the new Baptist church building, has made a neat job. Mr. Baker returned to his New York home Wednesday night.

Arlington Heights.

Mr. Freeman, of Somerville, of the firm of Godenough & Freeman, has bought a lot on Paul Revere road. He will build at once.

Last Saturday, two baseball clubs, one the Heights and the other the Crescent Heights, had a lively contest. Rain and clouds had no terrors for the heroes of the bat, although the girls who promised to be present and cheer on their favorite were afraid of spoiling their new dresses. The game was played in the Heights the players were Lannin, Pearly, Sloan, Gorham, Taylor, Southall, and in the Crescent Hill, Lusk, Jukes, Graham, Boulicot, Peterson, Sudocher, pires, Alex, Livingstone, George, Dweley, Clarence Parsons. The score stood 31 to 28 in favor of the Heights team. Another contest is expected.

Henry T. Burrage expects to remove to his Cambridge home in the near future. Mr. Burrage has resided on Claremont avenue for the past two years.

Mrs. Parsons is entertaining friends from Haverhill, N. H.

Mrs. Perry and Mrs. Allen expect to leave soon for a few weeks in Washington, D. C.

Another new house is to be built on Paul Revere road.

The Shakespeare club met with Mr. Burns last Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schnetzer returned Sunday night from New York.

The Sunshine club met Wednesday with Mrs. John T. White. First prize in the whist tables was won by Mrs. Edward Downing; second by Mrs. Alex. Livingstone. The annual business meeting will be held next week with Mrs. H. H. Kendall, and all members are urged to attend.

Miss Blanch King, of Westminster avenue, has been quite ill.

The Ladies' sewing circle of the Arlington Heights Baptist church met at the home of Mrs. Worthington, on Tanager street, Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert O. Schnetzer arrived home from their wedding trip last Sunday. They visited friends in Attleboro, Mass., New York city and Hoboken.

Rev. A. W. Lorimer left this week on a short visit to his home in Beebe Plains, Quebec.

Mrs. Worthington, mother of Ellis Worthington, has been spending the past three weeks with Mr. Worthington and family, of Tanager street.

PARK AVENUE CHURCH.

"The Meaning of the Long Silence in Jesus' Life" was the subject of the first of a few sermons by Rev. J. G. Taylor on "Some Great Events in the Life of Christ Bearing on Our Life."

A delightful union meeting for the juniors and seniors was held Sunday evening with Miss Mabel Snow and Master Charles Burrage as leaders.

The Woman's Guild is anticipating a good time at its supper, May 13.

A delightful union meeting for the juniors and seniors will be observed both morning and evening the second Sunday in June.

The Sunday school has selected a committee to arrange for a grand picnic, June 17, to include all who can be induced to go. It will be an event.

Tuesday evening a committee of the Junior society met with Miss Alice White and arranged for the meetings up to the vacation season.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard and Miss Johnson have moved into the Doull house on Harvard street.

Friday evening the pastor gave an address preparatory to the communion service, which, together with a reception of members, will be held next Sunday morning.

BELMONT ADVERTISERS.



Selectmen's Notice.

The regular meeting of the Board of Selectmen is held on the First Monday of Each Month at 7 P. M., at their room, Town Hall, for the purpose of approving bills, the consideration of questions or business which the citizens may desire to present to them or consult them upon.
C. H. SLADE
RICHARD HITTINGER
THOS. W. DAVIS
Selectmen.

TOWN CLERK AND TREASURER

WINTHROP L. CHENERY
Office Hours—Monday, Thursday and Friday, 2 to 6 p.m., Wednesday, 2 to 4 p.m.

A Walk to Waverley

was the favorite ramble of James Russell Lowell, and one of its features he has pictured in his poem, "Beaver Brook." Here for healthfulness the Massachusetts General Hospital located its convalescent home.

Houses and lots and a few rentals in this suburb of Cambridge are offered by C. S. SCOTT, Real Estate, Waverley, Mass. Connected by telephone.

E. PRICE, Blacksmith and Wheelwright

Horseshoeing and Jobbing promptly attended to.
Carriage and Sign Painting.
Belmont, Mass.

TOWN OF BELMONT. PROPOSALS FOR COLLECTION OF GARBAGE.

Office of the Board of Health, Belmont, Mass., April 16, 1902.
Proposals for the collection of garbage in the Town of Belmont for the year beginning May 1, 1902, will be received by the Board of Health on or before April 28, 1902. Such collections to be made weekly, and during the period from June 1 to November 1, twice a week. The successful bidder must furnish satisfactory bonds to the amount of double the contract price.
The Board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.
Address all proposals to the Board of Health, Belmont, Mass.
W. LYMAN UNDERWOOD,
GEORGE A. PRENTISS,
JOHN FENDERSON,
Board of Health.

BELMONT BOARD OF HEALTH.

The regular meeting of the Board of Health will be held in the selectmen's room, at 7.30 P. M. on the first Wednesday of each month.
GEORGE A. PRENTISS,
JOHN FENDERSON,
W. LYMAN UNDERWOOD.

YOUTH'S and GENTLEMEN'S BOSOM SHIRTS, HOSE, LINEN, SCARFS and UMBRELLAS.

Ladies' Shirts, Aprons, etc. Dry Goods and Notions.
DRESSMAKING.
ROBERTSON'S,
LEXINGTON ST., WAVERLEY.

W. L. CHENERY, INSURANCE

Belmont, Mass.

JOHN B. PERAULT, PAINTING, DECORATING, ENAMELLING

Glazing, Graining, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging; Floors Waxed and Polished; Picture Moulding, etc.; also Lead, Oil, Varnish, Shellac, Glass, Putty and other Paints of all the leading shades on hand and for sale. Residence
Cor. Leonard and Moore Sts., BELMONT.

FOR SALE. CUT-UNDER CARRYALL for sale

cheap; Stewart Bros.' make; in good condition. F. Alex. Chandler, Waverley.

MEADOW VIEW LIMIT LIFT-ED.

Last year the Meadow View Golf club, upon its organization, voted to limit its membership to 30, but, yielding to the pressure of numerous applications, and finding that its course will accommodate a greater number than was first supposed, it has decided to admit 30 more candidates. No fee is charged for admission, and the annual dues are but \$5. A small charge when the advantages of the course are considered. The women of each member's family are entitled to the free use of the course, and so many are availing themselves of this privilege that a series of competitions is being arranged for them. The links is situated on the extension of Arlington Heights, in East Lexington, within five minutes' walk of both electric and steam cars. Fred R. White, of Arlington Heights, is the secretary of the organization.

Ruth Babcock, of Claremont avenue, is away with friends, attending the Shaw Home school for girls, in Saco, Maine.